THE Bombay Gazette.

No. 55,284—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY—THURSDAY, MARCH 16, 1911 PRICE: ONE ANNA

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1911	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10513
[illegible] March	✻ ARCADIA	7000	....	...
[illegible] April	PERSIA	7951	....	...
	MARMORA	10509	....	...
	CALEDONIA	7556	....	...
	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	9609
	MANTUA	10969	....	...
	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	9626
	ARABIA	7908	....	...
	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	10509
	EGYPT	7819	....	...
	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	9631
	PERSIA	7951	....	...
	SALSETTE	6000	CHINA	7933
	CALEDONIA	7556	....	...
	DEVANHA	8992	MALWA	10883
	HIMALAYA	6926	....	...
	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10512
	[illegible]A	7933	....	...
	[illegible]TTE	6000	MARMORA	10509
	[illegible]	7919	....	...

[illegible] Mail Steamers are fitted with [illegible]LEGRAPHY.

[illegible]mers convey Passengers to Marseilles, [illegible]ndon.

[illegible] Brindisi transhipment to a connecting [illegible]ld.

[illegible] the BALLARD PIER on day [illegible]assengers must attend at that place [illegible] Medical Inspection by the Health [illegible]

[illegible]ngers cannot go on board the [illegible]

[illegible] PASSENGER STEAMER, [illegible]pecial Rates.

[illegible]ADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave [illegible] WEDNESDAY, 22nd MARCH, [illegible]SEILLES, PLYMOUTH and [illegible] Passengers in ONE CLASS [illegible]RS.

Single.	Return.
[illegible] Rs. 394	Rs. 745 or Rs. 991
[illegible] 537	Rs. 793 or Rs. 940

[illegible] the Suez Canal.

[illegible]CHINA, [illegible]AND, [illegible]ortnightly [illegible] for the [illegible]ssued [illegible]tion.

[illegible] 750✻
[illegible] 685✻
[illegible] 1020✻
[illegible] 360
[illegible] 525
[illegible] 445
[illegible] 715

[illegible]ares according to position of cabin and class of Railway.

ORDINARY LINE.

Saloon Class to Trieste or Venice ... ... Rs. 455
" Class to Trieste or Venice and back ... " 675
Saloon Class to London ... " 548 to 585
" Class to London and back ... " 865 to 945

✻ Fares according to class of Railway.

RETURN TICKETS available for TWO YEARS. ELECTRIC FANS AND LIGHTS are fitted in all the cabins free of charge.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothard, Tarare and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles, or Societa Nazionale di Servizi Marittimi from Genoa or Naples to Bombay, or by North Deutsch Lloyd from Genoa to Colombo, or vice versa.

STEAMER TO JAPAN via COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

Steamer	Captain	Tons	To sail about
China	P. Pavisich	5017	25th Mar. 1911.

For further information regarding passages apply to

W. DENSO,
Agent, Austrian Lloyd S. N. Coy.
52, Churchgate St., Fort, Bombay.

NEW LINE HOME.
CHEAP PASSAGES.

THE BOMBAY & PERSIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

Have arranged a Passenger service between BOMBAY, GENOA, and MARSEILLES as follows:—

TO MARSEILLES OR GENOA.

Steamers.	Tons.	Captain.	Leave on or about.
Khosrou	3,768	J. Hannah	23rd March
Homayun	3,363	T. L. Molony	10th May
Khosrou	3,768	J. Hannah	25th May
Homayun	3,363	T. L. Molony	12th July
Khosrou	3,768	J. Hannah	27th July

In both Steamers superior accommodation is provided for Passengers. The Vessels are fitted throughout with Electric Light and carry both Surgeon and Stewardess. Wails special arrangements have been made as to cuisine, the fairs range from Rs. 300 to Rs. 350 according to location of Cabin, return passages being granted at greatly Reduced Rates. Further particulars may be had on application to the Undersigned or the local Shipping and Passenger Agents.

M. M. SHIRAZEE,
No. 1, Ash Lane, Fort. Agent.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

✻ FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamer.	Tons.	Sailing. Date.	Time.	Route via.
Kola	1206	Thurs. 16th March.	9 a.m.	via C. M.
Lhasa	2171	Fri. 17th March.	6 a.m.†	direct.
Linga	2171	Mon. 20th March.	11 a.m.	✻P D & O M.

†Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.
✻Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvi.

FOR CUTCH MANDVI, KARACHI AND BUSHIRE (Weekly).

S. S. "Kola," 1206 tons, on Thursday, 16th March calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Mahomera, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR UBRAWAL, MANGROLE, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "Madura," 1956 tons, on Monday, the 20th March, calling at Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire and Koweit.

FOR EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA.
(Monthly.)

S. S. "Pentakota," 3418 tons, on Thursday, 23rd March, calling at Seychelles, Lamu, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mosambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA,
(Fortnightly.)

A Steamer sailing on or about the 25th March.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, BOMBAY.

15th March, 1911.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES Booked without charge.
BERTHS Carefully Selected.
STEAMER PLANS Sent for Inspection.
HANDBOOK Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis,
PASSAGE Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS Met on arrival.
CALCUTTA: GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON: GRINDLAY & Co.

THE ELLERMAN LINES OF STEAMERS.
(CITY AND HALL LINES).
Approximate Sailings from Bombay and Karachi, for Marseilles, Liverpool, etc.

AT REDUCED FARES.

Steamers.	Tons.	Leave Bombay, 1911.	Leave Karachi, 1911.
C. City of Athens	5594	March 24	✻Mar. 31
C. City of Benares	6978	.....	April 8
C. City of Karachi	5557	April 11	...
C. City of York	7705	" 24	✻ " 21
B. Merton Hall	4327	not fixed.	...
C. City of Glasgow	6529	May 12	✻ May 9
B. City of Naples	5789	.....	" 17
A. Trafford Hall	5321	" 30	...
C. City of Manchester	5551	.....	June 10
C. City of Lahore	7000	.....	" 15
C. City of York	7705	.....	July 15
C. City of Benares	9300	.....	" 19
C. City of Glasgow	6529	.....	August 1
A. Trafford Hall	5321	.....	" 24
C. City of Calcutta	7512	.....	Sept. 5
C. City of Lahore	7000	.....	" 12
C. City of Athens	5594	October 1	...
C. City of York	7705	.....	Nov. 2
C. City of Benares	6973	.....	" 18
C. City of London	9000	.....	" 24
A. Trafford Hall	5321	.....	Dec. 6
C. City of Lahore	7000	.....	" 12
C. City of Athens	5594	.....	" 20

✻ Sailing from Karachi and calling at Bombay for passengers only.

A.—1st Class Passenger Steamers fitted throughout with Electric Light and Fans and carrying both Surgeon and Stewardess.

B.—Cargo Boats carrying neither Surgeon nor Stewardess having accommodation for two to twelve passengers.

C.—Steamers which have both First and Second Class accommodation as also Surgeon and Stewardess.

Electric Fans are fitted in all Cabins on A and C Class Steamers free of charge.

Concession granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.

Special Reduced rates for European servants, accompanying first class passengers.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of Steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

Sailing dates and fares are subject to alteration without notice.

JOINT SERVICE.

In connection with
NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN,
To Marseilles, Naples, Genoa, Antwerp, Hamburg and Bremen. Through rates of passage money may be obtained. For passages and full particulars apply to Bombay:—Messrs. Ed. Bates & Sons Agency.

KILLICK, NIXON & Co., Agents.
Karachi—Messrs. Forbes, Forbes, Campbell & Co., Ltd.

BOMBAY AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO FOR NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, OR BALTIMORE.

For further particulars regarding freight, etc., apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
TURNER MORRISON & Co.,
Agents.

BANKS.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL £1,200,000
RESERVE FUND £1,600,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS £1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE:
38, Bishopsgate, London E. C.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Hamburg	Ipoh (Perak), F. M. S.	Manilla
Bombay	Medan Deli (Sumatra)	Cebu
Calcutta	Singapore	Hongkong
Madras	Kwala Lumpur (F. M. S.)	Foochow
Rangoon	Klang (F. M. States)	Shanghai
Colombo	Seremban (F. M. States)	Tientsin
Karachi	Bangkok	Hankow
Amritsar	Batavia	Yokohama
Penang	Soerabaya	Kobe
Thaton (Perak F. M. S.)	Saigon	New York

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Re. 1 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter period at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS 10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—10-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.

POST BOX No. 34.

JOHN GREIG,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Agent.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$ 16,250,000
Gold Reserve Fund	$ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

AMOY	IPOH	PENANG
BANGKOK	JOHORE	RANGOON
BATAVIA	KOBE	SAIGON
BOMBAY	KUALA LUMPUR	SAN FRANCISCO
CALCUTTA	LONDON	SHANGHAI
CANTON	LYONS	SINGAPORE
COLOMBO	MALACCA	SOURABAYA
FOOCHOW	MANILA	TIENTSIN
HAMBURG	NAGASAKI	YOKOHAMA
HANKOW	NEW YORK	ILOILO
HONGKONG	PEKING	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Re. 1 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months as term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

J. A. JEFFREY,
Agent.
Church Gate Street, Bombay.

COX & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS.

BOMBAY, RAWAL PINDI, KARACHI, MURREE, AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR)

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.

INSURANCES of every description effected.

SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.

A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S. W.

THE BANK OF BURMA, LD.

Subscribed Capital	Rs. 20,00,000
Paid up Capital	" 17,63,500
Reserve Fund	" 5,00,000

LONDON BANKERS—PARR'S BANK, Ld., and WILLIAM DEACON & Co., Ld.

Agents and Correspondents throughout India.

HEAD OFFICE—RANGOON.

BRANCHES:—CALCUTTA, MADRAS and BOMBAY

CURRENT ACCOUNTS may be opened with Rs. 150 and upwards and interest at 2½ per cent. per annum will be allowed upon daily balances upto Rs. 10,000, provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 3 Half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received as follows:—For 1 year at 6 per cent. For 6 and 9 months at 5 per cent. per annum. Special rates for Shorter periods.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSIT FUND.—Sums as small as Rs. 10 are received in this account and interest allowed thereon at 5 per cent. per annum subject to the Rules of the Fund which may be obtained on application. Cheques on the Presidency Towns, Karachi and Rangoon, also Currency Notes of these circles received free of Charge in Fixed Deposit, and Savings Bank Deposit, Accounts.

Purchase and Sale of Stock effected and every description of banking business transacted.

F. D. STRANACK,
Manager
Standard Buildings, Bombay, 31st December, 1910.

✻ SELF CURE NO FICTION! ✻
NO SUFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR.
THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.

THERAPION No. 1
in a remarkably short time, often a few days only, Cures discharges (either sex) superseding injections

THERAPION No. 2
Cures blood poison, bad legs, ulcers, sores, painful swelled joints, &c. when mercurial treatment fails.

THERAPION No. 3
Cures chronic weakness, lost vigor and vital force.

Either Number Therapion & all self treatment directions enclosed, of chemists or post free 3/- from The Le Clerc Medicine Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng. Try New Dragee (Tasteless) Form of Therapion, easy to take, safe, lasting cure. Trade Marked word 'THERAPION' is on British Govt. Stamp affixed to every genuine packet.

✻ THERAPION ✻
CURES TO STAY CURED.

SOLD BY TREACHER & Co.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,
BOMBAY.

DESIGNERS,
IMPORTERS,
AND
MANUFACTURERS
OF
HIGH CLASS SILVER PLATE.

CASKETS,
VIEW ALBUMS,
SPORTING SHIELDS, MEDALS,
POLO AND FOOTBALL CUPS
AND GENERAL "PRESENTATION" PLATE.
ESTIMATES AND DESIGNS SUBMITTED.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY.

TEA AWARDED COFFEE

3

GOLD MEDALS

AT

NAGPUR, JALGAON & BROACH

EXHIBITIONS

FOR

SUPERIORITY PEARSE & Co., EXCELLENCE.

APOLLO STREET, BOMBAY.

BANKS.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.

Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.

HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS,
BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED...Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP... " 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND..... " 3,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half-year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges particulars of which may be had on pplication.

F. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

CLARKES
B. 41.
PILLS

A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years' success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£ 1,600,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	£ 800,000
RESERVE FUND	£ 800,000

HEAD OFFICE:
26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON E. C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Chittagong,	Aden (Camp.)
Bombay,	Tuticorin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)
Madras,	Cochin,	Zanzibar,
Karachi,	Rangoon,	Mombasa,
Lahore	Mandalay,	Nairobi,
Amritsar,	Colombo,	Entebbe,
Delhi,	Kandy	Kampala, Uganda.
Cawnpore	Nuwara-Eliya.	

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141. J. BLACK,
BOMBAY, Ag. Manager.

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," of the following sizes:—

9½ inch by 4½ inch ...Rupee 1 per hundred✻
9½ inch by 4½ inch ...Annas 14 per do. ✻

✻ If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Rs. 3 per 1,000.

5 15-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Rs. 2½ per thousand✻
✻ If printed on flap Rs. 4 per thousand.

THE ITALIAN STORES.

C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.,

MERCHANTS AND CONTRACTORS,
105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

THE HOUSE for the following:—
GRUYERE PARMESAN and GORGONZOLA CHEESE always in stock throughout the year.
MACCARONI VERMICELLI and SOUP PASTES of various shapes and designs fresh and can be had in large quantities.
PURE GENUINE OLIVE OIL of the Olives, now in great demand.
ITALIAN WINE VINEGAR (white) highly patronized for its excellence.
WALNUTS AND ALMONDS in soft shell, and HAZELNUTS always in Stock.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

MALARIA MIXTURE, prepared by FRANCESCO RANA of Bari, in Italy, cure guaranteed.
BRIOSCHI'S 'CETRATE,' an effervescent drink for the young and aged use freely in every house in Italy.
Our CLARET (Grignolino), the Genuine Wine, in great demand, at Rs. 11 per dozen bottles. Various other Brands of Wines and Liquours from The High Class Houses of Italy and France.

MONGINI BROTHERS

THE FIRM FOR

CHOCOLATES

CHOCOLATE CREAMS
CHOCOLATE ALMONDS
CHOCOLATE NOUGOT
CHOCOLATE PEPPERMINTS
} Fresh made at their Confectionery Works.

Also
PETERS' CHOCOLATES
FRYS' CHOCOLATES
CAILLERS' CHOCOLATES
CADBURYS' CHOCOLATES
MORIONDS' & GARIGLIOS' CHOCOLATES
MILK CHOCOLATE
CHOCOLATE in tins
CHOCOLATE in packets
Presentation Boxes of CHOCOLATES, etc. etc.

MONGINI BROTHERS,

25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

MALARIA, INFLUENZA, AND MILD FORMS OF PLAGUE.

Use BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or PILLS, Re. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S CHOLERAL
Is the only remedy for CHOLERA. Re. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S HARETONE.
Has been recently improved a great deal and restores Grey Hair to its Natural Colour. Rs. 3.

BATLIWALLA'S TONIC PILLS
Cure Nervous Exhaustion and Constitutional Weakness. Rs. 1-8.

BATLIWALLA'S TOOTH POWDER
scientifically made of Native and English Drugs, such as Myrophal and Carbolic Acid B. P. As. 4.

BATLIWALLA'S RINGWORM OINTMENT
Cures in a day. As. 4 per pot.

SOLD EVERYWHERE and ALSO BY
DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA,
WARLI LABORATORY DADAR, BOMBAY.

Standard Oil Company of New York,

MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

LARGEST IMPORTERS OF AND DEALERS IN:—

Kerosine and Lubricating Oils.
Pratt's Motor Spirit.
Pratt's Genuine Spirit or Turpentine.
Grease.
Paraffine Wax, &c., &c.

KEROSINE OIL BRANDS:—

Snowflake 150 in cases.
Chester 125 " "
Monkey 125 " "
Elephant in tins and bulk.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the Office by 6 p. m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

THE ANCHOR LINE S. S. "OLYMPIA," has ARRIVED from GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL and discharges in the Victoria Dock.

Consignees are requested to present their Bills of Lading for our COUNTER-SIGNATURE and to TAKE DELIVERY of their GOODS without delay.

Packages exceeding 30 cwts. in weight will be landed on the quay at the risk and expense of Consignees, unless boats are sent alongside to take delivery without delay. Consignees are hereby expressly notified that all claims for damage must be adjusted by the Steamer's Surveyor before the goods are removed from the Landing Shed. The Undersigned decline all responsibility in respect of goods removed to the Unclaimed Warehouse. All claims must be presented before the sailing of the steamer, otherwise none will be entertained.

Captain MEIKALFE will attend every morning. Holders of through Bills of Lading are requested to make written, not verbal, application regarding their goods, failing the Undersigned will not be responsible for any delay caused by Consignees not being advised of arrival of such goods.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.

Graham's Buildings,
Bombay, 15th March, 1911.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, an experienced TRAFFIC OFFICER, for the Junagadh Railway, a section of the Bhavnagar-Gondal-Junagadh-Porbander Railway, shortly to be worked as a separate concern. Good general education essential. Probable salary Rs. 400—25—500. Apply to ADMINISTRATOR, JUNAGADH, Kathiawar, with certificates of character and service.

THE NEW CITY OF BOMBAY MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND for the half-year ended 31st December, 1910, at the rate of Rs. 30 (Thirty), per Share, will be paid on production of Share Certificates, on and after WEDNESDAY, the 22nd March 1911, at the Registered Office of the Company, No, 42-48, Church Gate Street, Fort, between the hours of 12 noon and 3-30 P.M., (Standard Time), to Shareholders whose names stand on the Company's Register this day.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
BRADBURY, BRADY & CO.,
Agents.

Bombay, 15th March, 1911.

THE MANOCKJEE PETIT MFG. CO., LD.

NOTICE is hereby given that an ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of Shareholders will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 6, Hornby Row, Fort, on THURSDAY, the 23rd March, 1911, at 4-30 P. M. (S. T.) for the transaction of the following business:—

1st. To adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Balance Sheets, and Profit and Loss Accounts for the two half years ended respectively the 30th June and 31st December, 1910.

2nd. To sanction the declaration of a dividend for the half year ended 31st December, 1910.

3rd. To appoint two Directors in place of those who are retiring by rotation, but are eligible for re-election.

4th. To appoint two Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

By Order of the Board.
D. M. PETIT SONS & CO.,
Agents,
The Manockjee Petit Mfg. Co., Ld.

P. S.—The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED, from the 22nd inst. to the 6th prox., both days inclusive.

Bombay, 10th March, 1911.

AUCTION SALE OF PADDY RICE.

AN AUCTION SALE of different sorts of PADDY RICE (BHAT), of nearly 226 candies grown in the Panwel kharees, of the estate of Mr. Mahomed Ali Rogay, will be held on TUESDAY, the 21st March, 1911, at 3 P.M., in the office of the Undersigned, at the High Court. Those who cannot attend the auction should send their Tenders on or before that day.

The conditions of sale and specimens of Rice can be seen at the office during office hours.

R. D. SETHNA,
Receiver in Suit No. 708 of 1910.
High Court, Bombay, 4th March, 1911.

FOR SALE.

OFFERS will be received up to the 1st April, 1911, by Lieutenant-Commander the Hon. R. O. B. BRIDGEMAN, R.N., for the purchase of the composite single screw gunboat "REDBREAST" with her engines, boilers and all fittings and stores now on board, as she lies in the Wet Basin, Government Dockyard, Bombay.

The "Redbreast" was built in Government Dockyard, Pembroke, in 1889, is 165 feet long, 31 feet beam, and 805 tons displacement and 720 indicated HorsePower.

The Fittings and Stores comprise:—

Boats, awnings, auxiliary machinery, anchors and cables, pumps and fire engines, and electric light apparatus.

The purchaser must remove the Vessel from the Government Dockyard, within one fortnight of purchase, at his own risk and expense. Dismantling will not be permitted in the Government Dockyard.

No guarantee will be given with the boilers.

Twenty-five per cent of the purchase money to be paid on acceptance of Tender, balance before vessel is removed from Dockyard. The acceptance of Tenders is subject to the decision of Admiralty, by whom a reserve price has been fixed.

Applications to view the ship and examine detailed list of stores for sale with ship, and any further particulars should be addressed to Lieutenant-Commander the Hon. R. O. B. BRIDGEMAN, R. N., Admiral's House, Woodhouse Road, Bombay.

R. O. B. BRIDGEMAN,
Lieutenant-Commander, R. N.

6th March, 1911.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

A THROUGH SERVICE of TRAINS with Dining Cars, attached throughout the day and Corridor Coaches will be introduced, on and from the 1st April, 1911, between Bombay, Umballa and Kalka (for Simla) via Ratlam, Muttra, Delhi, Meerut and Saharanpur.

Fast Trains will connect at Ratlam with these Expresses to and from Mhow and Indore from and to Bombay.

TIMINGS.

Bombay	...Dep.	21-15	Simla	...Dep.	8- 0
Ratlam	...Arr.	10-20	Kalka	...Arr.	14-43
Do.	...Dep.	10-35	Do.	...Dep.	16- 0
Muttra	...Arr.	22-22	Umballa	...Arr.	18-22
Do.	...Dep	22-42	Do.	...Dep.	19- 0
Delhi	...Arr.	1-45	Saharanpur	...Arr.	20-43
Do.	...Dep.	2- 5	Do.	...Dep.	21-23
Meerut	...Arr.	3-40	Meerut	...Arr.	23-43
Do.	...Dep.	3-59	Do.	...Dep.	23-53
Saharanpur	...Arr.	6-21	Delhi	...Arr.	1-36
Do.	...Dep.	6-36	Do.	...Dep.	2- 0
Umballa	...Arr.	8-20	Muttra	...Arr.	4-55
Do.	...Dep.	8-40	Do.	...Dep.	5-15
Kalka	...Arr.	11- 0	Ratlam	...Arr.	17-20
Do.	...Dep.	11-30	Do.	...Dep.	17-40
Simla	...Arr.	18-20	Bombay	...Arr	7-15

FREDERICK WYNHANSON,
General Traffic Manager.

Bombay 24th February, 1911.

TO FREEMASONS.

"CLIPPINGS FROM A ROUGH ASHLAR".

A COLLECTION of Masonic and other Verse by P. M. BOUGHTON CHAMBERS, F. R. S. L. (Lond), F. R. S. A. (Dublin), Dedicated by Permission to R. W. B. the Hon. Sir Lawrence Jenkins, K. C. I. E., P. D. G. M., Bombay.

Neatly Printed Cr., 16-M. O. and will be shortly issued. Edition Limited. Register Orders with Publishers, B. I. PRESS, Byculla. ONE SHILLING.

FOR PROSPECTUS, Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Branch Office, Watts & Grear Street Fort.

AMUSEMENTS.

BOMBAY ART EXHIBITION.

EXHIBITOR'S are requested TO SEND for their PICTURES, on THURSDAY, March 16th between 10 to 6 P.M. (S.T.)

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CINEMATOGRAPH,
NOVELTY THEATRE.

TO-NIGHT
OUR "SPECIAL" PROGRAMME
"MESSINA."
A wonderful series of views of the New City.
"LITTLE SOULS"
A film that proved a great draw on Saturday night
Two wonderful child artistes.
"THE FEAST OF FOOLSHEAD"
A scream of laughter. See the great Indian Chief on the War Path.
"BETTY LEARNS A TRADE"
The new lady Comedian. She is extremely funny in this film. And many other pictures.

3 TIMES NIGHTLY 3
7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30, 10 to 11 P. M.
POPULAR PRICES.

SKATING RINK.

Thursday, 16th March
Friday, 17th "
Saturday, 18th "
} Sessions as usual with the Band.

Monday, 20th March—Practice and Evening Sessions as usual;
No Night Session.

Tuesday, 21st March—Bank Holiday.
Morning Session 9 to 11 with the Band.
Evening Session, 6 to 8.
Night Session, at 9-30—Dance and Skating.

FOR SALE, WANTED, &C.

FOR SALE.
(Owner going Home.)

WOLSELEY-SIDDELEY (1910-11) 12-16 H.P. 4-cylinders, 5 seated, touring body, fully equipped. Rs. 6,500. In perfect condition, new 3 months ago. S. C. DEMETRIADI, 2-1 Rawal Street Calcutta or C. C. DEMETRIADI, Rail Bros., Bombay.

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CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASS WARE, on sale and on hire.

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SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Not exceeding three lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid

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YOUR PIANO.—Does it need TUNING or REPAIRING? We place the services of a thoroughly Competent Workman at your disposal. Our charges are MODERATE, and whatever we do for your Instrument, we guarantee that it will be done as well as is possible.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., AGENTS for the world-known "Bluthner" Pianos, Bombay and Poona.

IF THIS SHOULD MEET the eye of any one seeking Divorce, Separation or Insolvency apply to FOUCHE COMPANY, Poona. Established 27 years and under the supervision of qualified English gentlemen.

AUCTION SALE, THIS DAY, of Valuable Furniture, Suite of Sofas and Chairs, etc., at Cuffe Parade, Colaba Reclamation, opposite Colaba Station.

ON VIEW.—Auction Sale of Billiard Table by Lazarus, and Household and Office Furniture, Safes, etc. Next to Paper Currency Office, on Esplanade Road, SALE TO-MORROW, FRIDAY.

BUNGALOW TO LET.—Furnished, April to December, four Bedrooms. The Bungalow on Walkeshwar Road, now in the occupation of Mr. Nigel F. Paton.

SMALL FLAT TO LET, on Apollo Bunder, 2nd FLOOR, Furnished, from May 1; six months certain. Rent 175. Apply Box No. 2522, care of this Office.

MOTORISTS! Did you see our Aluminium Matting? If not, you should do so. Unlike rubber it is nonperishable and will keep tidy after years of service. The UNIVERSAL ENGINEERING Co., 14, Hummam Street, Fort.

FRESH CREAM, Re. 1 per lb.; TABLE BUTTER, Ans. 12 per lb.; PURE MILK, Ans. 3 per Seer:— THE PARISIAN DAIRY, Tamarind Lane, Fort.

REPAIRS OF Rs. 1-8 within 25 years. I take this opportunity to tell you that Singer's Sewing Machine, which purchased 25 years ago has required only Rs. 1-8 for repairs, and it is still going strong of all parts.—I. R. Gardener, 10, Forbes Street, Bombay.

EXCHANGE TABLES.—NEW EDITION, revised and enlarged. Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling. Advancing by 32nds from 1s. 3¾d. to 1s. 4 23/32d. Also includes Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal—Values—Due Dates. Price Rs. 3. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

ROUNDABOUT BOMBAY. By James Douglas. Re. 5. Apply Box No. 408, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—A Selection of Box Leading Cases. By W. E. H., Re. 1 Apply No. 404 care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, near Moos Buildings. Give it a trial and you will never regret your visit. Board and Residence, Rs. 2 and 3 per day. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Splendid Bars, Brand-new Billiard Tables. Dinner, Rs. 1-4-0; Tiffin, Re. 1-0-0; Breakfast, As. 12. Dinner served till late hours.

FOR SALE,—2 Printing Presses, 2 Cutting Machines and Lithographing Machines, all at very low prices, to make room for other machineries. Apply to this Office.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.—By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

SPECIAL OFFER.—Commercial Envelopes. "Gazette Commercial," of the following sizes:—9½ inch by 4½ inch Rupee 1 per hundred 9½ inch by 4½ inch, Annas 14 per hundred, (If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Rs. 3 per 1,000. 5 13-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Rs. 2½ per thousand (If printed on flap, Rs. 4 per thousand.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET, behind the Bank of Bombay, where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotation given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc.

"THE EMPIRE."—The file of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" is available to enquirers at the office of "THE EMPIRE," LIMITED, No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of the "Bombay Gazette, Limited, 2 Green Street, Fort, behind the Bank of Bombay.

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OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices:—If of a date over one and within 3 months, 3 annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee per copy; over 12 months old, an additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Rs. 2 must be paid in advance.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of REVLUC "FRAME fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.

They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
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Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting:—
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NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rates for Subscribers are unaltered, viz., Rs. 37-8 per annum credit, or Rs. 30 in advance, post free.

SALES BY AUCTION.

J. S. MODY AND COMPANY,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
24-26 Bank Street, Fort.

AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD AND OFFICE FURNITURE, AND BILLIARD TABLE BY LAZARUS.

TO-MORROW, FRIDAY, the 17th instant at 2-30 p. m. (S. T.) Messrs. J. S. MODY & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, opposite the National Bank of India, and next to Paper Currency Office, on Esplanade Road, Fort, by order of the concerned, valuable household and office furniture, such as English cabinets, English tapestry lined, drawing room, suit of sofas and chairs, mirror almirahs, roll top self closing office table in excellent order, teak and blackwood roll top office desk, brass bedstead, English and other safes with Chubb and other locks with stands, dressing and wash hand tables, hat stand, verranna benches marble topped tables, meatsafe, dining table, arm and without arm chairs, dinner waggon, book case, small and large size writing table, teapoys, English flower vases, table and hanging lamps, 400 days' winding timepiece, copying press, duplicating-machine, full size billiard table by Lazarus of Calcutta with accessories complete in good order, large Indian carpets, China jars, blackwood carved table and flower stand, large coal cooking stove, etc., etc.

The above is on view.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

Under instructions from the mortgagee in possession and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor, Messrs J. S. MODY and Co. will on SUNDAY, the 19th instant, at 2-30 P.M. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction, near the Mazagaon Tram Terminus, in Love Lane, valuable household furniture, such as drawing room sofas and chairs, marble topped tables and teapoys, writing and dining table, dinner waggon, brass double bedstead, mirror almirahs, wardrobe, chest of drawers, pictures, table ornaments, glass and crockeryware, large lot of glass table ornaments, hanging lamps, flower vases, etc.

The above is on view.

J. S. MODY & CO.

Bombay, 16th March, 1911.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,
No. 35, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS.

Under instructions from the Improvement Trust, Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by Public Auction on the premises THIS DAY, THURSDAY, the 16th instant at 4-30 p.m. (S, T.)

The materials for removal of the following buildings:—

Building Street No, 10-12 Case No, 16 Paper Mill Lane, Girgaum,

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, 16th March, 1911.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the Arthur Crawford Markets, THIS DAY, THURSDAY, the 16th instant, at 11 a. m., (S.T.), the right of collecting fair ground and feeding fees from cattle dealers, butchers, and all others at the Bombay Municipal Slaughterhouses, Bandora, for 12 months from 1st April, 1911 to 31st March 1912, and fees in the Fort Market, Arthur Crawford Beef Markets, Arthur Crawford Fish and Mutton Markets, Erskin Road Fish Market, Colaba Fish Markets, Pedder Road Fish Market, Mazagon, and Ferguson Road Fish Markets, Parel, Parbhadevi Road and Elphinstone Road Markets, from flesh and saltfish sellers, etc., who sit on the floor or other places not numbered either in lins or outside under the eaves of the Markets and also collecting fees for weighing goods at the scales of the Arthur Crawford Markets, for 12 months from 1st April 1911, to 31st March, 1912.

For particulars and conditions of sales respectively, apply at the Municipal Commissioner's Office, Fort, or at the office of the Superintendent of Markets, Arthur Crawford Markets, or to the Undersigned.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the highest or any offer.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 16th March, 1911.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

AUCTION SALE THIS DAY, THURSDAY, 16th March at 2-30 p.m, (S.T.),

THIS DAY, THURSDAY, the 16th March at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co, are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Nos. 8 and 9, Pasal Road, Cuffe Parade, Colaba Reclamation, the valuable and handsome French-polished teakwood and blackwood household furniture of the latest design, such as drawing-room suite of sofas and chairs lined velvet, mirror back side-board and cabinets, marble topped dressing and wash-hand and round tables, carpets, and flower vases, teak, iron and brass bedsteads single and double almirahs, chest of drawers, writin tables, lamps, hat-stands, English cabinets, roll toppe office tables, corner cabinets revolving, rocking and office chairs, glassware, platedware and crockeryware etc; the property of Nawab Sayed Lasker, Khan Bahadur of Hyderabad and others.

Catalogues are published and the property on view.

SALE BY PRIVATE TREATY.

Notice is hereby given that glassware, enamelware, earthenware, lampware, etc., belonging to the insolvent Rahimbhai Hamirand lying in his shops Nos. 179, 181, 183, 185, situate in Janjikar Street, Bhatiari Moholla, and in the rooms on the first and second floors thereof as also in the room at the back of the said shop, are for sale. The goods aforesaid will be on view for intending purchasers at the aforesaid premises during the hours of 9-30 a.m. and 5-30 p.m. (S.T.), on the 13th, 14th, 15th and 16th instant.

Persons desirous of purchasing the same are hereby invited to send the sealed offers to the Official Assignee, Mr. R. D. Sethna, at his office, in High Court, before the 17th day of March, 1911, 4 p.m. (S. T.)

Each offer should be accompanied with a sum of Rs. 100 in cash currency notes or Government paper which shall be returned to the person, sending the same on or before the 24th inst. in case the offer with which the same accompanied is not accepted.

No offer shall be withdrawn for any reason before the 24th instant.

The Official Assignee, Mr. Sethna, does not bind himself to accept the highest offer.

Further particulars and conditions of sale can be had at the office of the Official Assignee, High Court, on application during office hours.

Under instructions from R.D. Sethna, Esquire, Official Assignee and Assignee of the estate of Normand Miller Carter, Insolvent, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at Hornby Road, Fort, near Fire Brigade station, on SATURDAY the 18th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), boot skins and leather, pairs of complete and uncomplete boots and shoes, boot trees, large finishing machine, Singer's boot sewing machine Kitson's lamp, shoemakers' tools, show cupboards office table, name board, etc.

SALE ON SUNDAY, 26TH MARCH.

On Sunday, the 26th instant, at 2-30 p. m. (S. T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the "Gold Mohur Castle," below the Byculla Bridge (on Tramway Line), the valuable and handsome teakwood, blackwood and English-made household furniture, glassware, crockeryware, platedware, sliding dining table, chairs, large mirror back sideboard, and dinner waggons, drawing room suits of sofas and chairs, ottoman, marble and tiled-topped tables and teapoys, side and corner cabinets, bedsteads, single and double almirahs, clothes press, wardrobe, marble-topped dressing and washhand tables, cane furniture, cooking stove with water tank, full size slate billiard table by John Roberts, cottage piano by Soundy, horse-shoe shaped table in 6 pieces made to order, Venetian glass mirrors with pier tables, large doubl, door safe by Chubb's on stand, English bath tube English-made rubber tyred victoria, bay Arab horses harness, etc., the property of N. R. Motabhai, Esq., Barrister at Law proceeded to England, and others.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 16th March, 1911.

NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette Ld."

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Prospectus, Proposal forms and full particulars may be obtained from

ALLUM, BHARUCHA & Co.,
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16 Breakfast Cups
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—a delight for the strong, a godsend for the weak—made from 2 ozs. of Lemco. The rich beef goodness of LEMCO has restored thousands of invalids to robust strength.

A user writes:—"I have derived great benefit from Lemco . . . I had suffered much from anæmia, and am now getting well, thanks to Lemco."—Mauritius.

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The Original Liebig Company's Extract
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MALTED MILK (In Powder form.)
The Ideal Food for all ages.
HORLICK'S is not a Drug but a food of high nutritive value.
Take HORLICK'S from birth and live to a vigorous old age.
SUSTAINS—NOURISHES—BUILDS UP.
HORLICK'S contains every essential element to build up the body and make it strong and vigorous, gives stamina and staying power, and helps to form bone, nerve and muscle.
NO COOKING—ADD WATER ONLY—READY IN AN INSTANT.
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KEEPS IN ANY CLIMATE—ALWAYS SWEET AND PURE.
UNTOUCHED BY HAND.
HORLICK'S MALTED MILK CO., SLOUGH, BUCKS, ENGLAND.

NOW READY PRICE Rs. 3.
THE
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(REVISED AND ENLARGED.)

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Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal Values—Due Dates.

SECOND EDITION.

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1909.

INSURANCES.

BONUS YEAR 1910.

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MERCANTILE INSURANCE Co.
ESTABLISHED 1809.

CHIEF OFFICES
EDINBURGH: 64, Prince's Street.
LONDON: 61 Threadneedle Street.

Total Funds exceed £19,870,000
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POLICIES in some cases have been MORE THAN DOUBLED in amount by the addition of BONUSES.

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Double Endowment Assurance in India at English Rates. Full particulars on application.

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KING'S BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.
or to the
NORTH BRITISH and MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY'S OFFICE,
100, Clive Street, Calcutta, and 4 and 5 Koila Street, Calcutta.

THE ORIENTAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 18[illegible]
FUNDS OVER RS. 3,[illegible]
INVESTED IN GOV[illegible]
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PROMPT PAY[illegible]
OF CLAIM[illegible]
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For Prospectus, [illegible]

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ruptadly for so [illegible]
BRITISH OFFICE[illegible]
CLAIMS PAID .....
ACCUMULATED FUNDS .....
ANNUAL REVENUE .....£ 1,500,000

NEW SCHEMES.

DOUBLE ENDOWMENTS.—At Home Rates giving a Bonus of 100 per cent. on survival.

CHILDREN'S ENDOWMENTS.—Payable at any age from 14 to 21 with return of all premiums in event of death.

For full information apply to
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BINNY & Co., Ld.,
Chief Agents, Madras.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE
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DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON MARKET.

LONDON, March 14.] [BOMBAY, March 15.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus	Minus.
2 1-2 per cent. Consols	81 1-8		1-16
do. Bonds	97 1-2	un	chgd
2 1-2 per cent. Sterling Loan	95 3-4	un	chgd
do. Govt. Securities	64 3-8	un	chgd
Bar Silver in London	24 1-2	un	chgd
do. 2 months' bonds	24 11-16	1-16	
do. in New York	53 1-8	un	chgd
Exchange on London at Parir.	25-29	un	chgd
do. at Berlin	20-45 1-2		01
do. at New York	4-86 1-3	un	chgd
Discount Bank of England Rate	3 p.c.	since	e
do. Short London Bills, 3 months' sight.	9th 2 1-2	int. un	chgd
do. Indian Bank Bills, 6 months' sight.	2 1-4	un	chgd
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills	2	un	chgd
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills	2	un	chgd
Interest Day-to-day Loans	2 7-8	un	chgd
Interest 7 day Market Loans	3	un	chgd

...77-9 unchgd

...change on India 30 days' sight (Bank's buying ...) 1 3 7-8 unchgd.

Closing Tone of Silver.—Quiet. Dull.

...mount withdrawn from Bank of England about ...00

COTTON.

...OL—

	Dull.	Easier.
	...	Steady.
...dian	...	Dull.
...er	Steady with a fair demand.	
	...	7,000
...quisition and for Export	...	1,000
	...	23,000
...ans	...	7-66—01
...G. F. Brown		9 11-16—1-15

...VERY PRICES :—

...y	May-June	June-July	July-Aug.
	7-45	7-42	7-37
	+01	+01	+01
...Oct.	Oct.-Nov.		Nov.-Dec.
	6-7		6-65
	+01		+01

	Bales.	
...Ports	...	10,000
...st year	...	14,000
...tain	...	1,000
	...	5,000
	...	...14-65 unchgd.

...04 } Advanced on favorable cables and declined on weakness of New Orleans market.
...01 }

...14-9-16 unchgd
...14-42—01
...14-48—02
...Steady.

...1-2 unchgd

...chgd

Dull.

...836 3 4
...d 6
...854 13-16

...:—Cardiff to Bombay Canal ..... 9s.

ARRIVALS—
"Norfolk."

SUGAR—
German granulated sugar C, and F, India double bags. 13 3—Sellers.
Do. Months of Shipment ...May-Aug.
Tone—Quiet.
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India ...13—Sellers.
Do. Months of Shipments ...March-April.
Tone—No business.
German Beet-root 88 p. c. ...10 3—Sellers.
Months of Shipments ...April.
Tone—Quiet.
E A R & Similar Crystals C & F India ...14-3—Sellers.
Months of Shipments ...Mar-Aug.
Tone—Quiet.
Mauritius Crystal C & F Calcutta and Bombay 11 10 1-2—Value.
Months of Shipments ...March.
Tone—Quiet.
Java Sugar—Unchanged. Quiet.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

WEDNESDAY EVENING.] [15th March 1911.

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL ON 13th March, 1911.

By	Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway	61	73,162
B. B. & C. I. Railway	30	35,325

FINANCIAL.

EXCHANGE :—

The market opened steady at 1s. 4 1-32d. to 1s. 4 1-16d. T. T., 1s. 4 1-16d. on demand and 1s. 4 7-32d. for 3 months Sight Credits. Owing to Council Bills allotments to-day the Banks closed early. There has been little enquiry for Bank remittance though 1s. 4 1-16d. is still obtainable for cash. Private bills continue scarce. Far Eastern rates are steady.

We quote :—

T. T. on London	...1s. 4 1-32 to 1-16d.
Demand Draft	...1s. 4 1-16d.
Credits 3 months' sight	...1s. 4 7-32d.
Do. do forward	...1s. 4 5-32d. May
Do. France	...171
Do. Marks	...138 3-4
Hongkong 60 days' sight	...132 1-2
Shanghai "	...177 1-4
Japan "	...149 3-4

GOVERNMENT PAPER :—

The market opened at 96 1-4 for cash and the settlement, but has improved slightly during the day and closes 1-16 higher. There has, however, been little business doing and the tone at the close is quiet.

We quote :—

Cash	... Rs. 96 5 0
Settlement	... " 96 5 0

BULLION :—

Since our last report Bar Silver in London has advanced 3-16 both for ready and for delivery in two months, yesterday closing rates being 24 1-2 and 24 11-16 respectively. The local market opened at 61 3-4 ex-duty for ready and has remained quiet but steady. Bar Gold is steady.

We quote :—

English Bar Gold	...	Rs. 24 0 0
Australian "	...	" 24 0 0
Sovereigns "	...	" 15 0 0
Silver Ready ex-duty	...	" 61 12 0
" 1st settlement	...	" 61 12 0
" 2nd settlement	...	" 62 3 0

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT :—

Our market was closed yesterday, and on opening this morning prices were easier, good Broach being quoted Rs. 347-48. To-day the market is partially closed and there has been little business doing in contracts. Closing quotations are as under, the market being steadier.

For ready cotton there has been a moderate enquiry by exporters, chiefly for Japan, and mills have bought quietly for their immediate requirements.

QUOTATIONS :—

	Rs.	Delivery.
Fine M G Broach	...359	April
Fine M G Broach	...362	March
Good M G Broach	...349	"
Fine M G Wardha Hinganghat	...355	"
Fine M G Nagpur Kampti	...352	"
Fine M G Damanganm Pulgaon	...344	"
Fine M G Khanganm Akola	...338	"
Fine M G Amraoti	...338	"
Fine M G Muttia	...324	"
F G M G Khandeish	...303	"
Fine M G Khandeish	...326	"
Fine M G Bengals	...314	"
F G H G Bengals	...294	"
Good Westerns H G	...349	April-May
Good Saw Ginned Dharwar	...359	"

LIVERPOOL OPENER :—

Opening Tone	...	Dull.
Estimated Sales	...	7,000 bales
Total Imports	...	11,000 "

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

Mar.-Apl.	Apl.-May.	May-June.	June-July
7-43	7-43	7-43	7-40
— 2	— 2	— 2	— 2
July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov. Nov.-Dec.
7-37	7-16	6-86	6-72 6-66
unchgd	+1	+3	+1 +1

Wool report (auctions) opened to-day quiet but steady 46,000 offered.

Vicanere first white unquoted.
" ordinary 8 1-2 highest.
" " 7 1-2 lowest.
Candahar first white unquoted.
" ordinary 8 3-4 highest.
" " 7 lowest.
Bicanere white 8 1-4 highest.
" " 7 lowest.

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED :—

The market is firm with a good demand.

We quote :—

Ready	...	Rs. 12 6 0 B. T.
April-May	...	" 12 15 0 B. T.

RAPESEED :—

Owing to unfavourable weather reports the market is firm.

We quote :—

Brown Delhi April-May	...	Rs. 7 8 0 B. T.
Ready Yellow Guzerat	...	" 8 0 0 B. T.

GINGELLYSEED :—

Market quiet but steady.

We quote :—

Bold White 85 p.c.	...	Rs. 52 8 0
Mimbara	...	" 53 8 0
Yellow Hinganghat	...	" 56 8 0
Red Jubbulpore	...	" 50 0 0
Black Kutni	...	" 45 8 0

POPPYSEED :—

Market firm.

We quote :—

Ready	...	Rs. 10 13 0 B. T.
April-May	...	Rs. 10 13 0 "

CASTORSEED :—

Market quiet.

We quote :—

Ready and forward	...	Rs. 36 0 0

COTTONSEED :—

Market steady.

We quote :—

Ready	...	Rs. 26 0 0.

GROUNDNUTS :—

Market quiet but steady.

We quote :—

Bold Grain	...	Rs. 45 0 0
Small	...	Rs. 44 0 0

LINSEED :—

Market firmer.

We quote :—

Choice Delhi April-May Rs. 5 0 0 B. T.

The Share Market is closed to-day.

DAY'S RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Produce into Bombay during 24 hours ending at 6 p.m., yesterday :—

Cotton	...	...	16,609 bales
Wheat	...	...	11,180 cwts.
Linseed	...	...	57,435 "
Rapeseed	...	...	7,755 "
Gingellyseed	...	...	4,890 "
Poppyseed	...	...	34 "
Groundnuts	...	...	3,723 "
Castorseed	...	...	14,653 "
Rice	...	...	3,420 "
Myrabollams	...	...	4,915 "
Cottonseed	...	...	10,912 "
Mowraseed	...	...	Nil "
Gram	...	...	2,227 "
Joowar	...	...	1,239 "
Maize	...	...	1,684 "

DAILY EXPORTS—MARCH 15.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

City of Benares s—3,000 cwts wheat, Sanday and Co ; 100 bales hemp, D M Doongaji ; 1,050 bales cotton, A Moritz and Co ; 4,000 cwts bone meal, E O Nanji ; 400 bales cotton waste, W Wolfe and Sons.

Massilia s—43 bundles coir mats, L and F Barraclough and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Pearlmoor s—2,024 cwts myrabollams, K Keshowji and Co.

Umsinga s—22 bundles coir mats, L and F Barraclough ; 607 cwts hemp, D M Doongaji and Co ; 14 tons cattle hoofs, Towner and Co.

Persia s—160 cwts capsicums, M Jafferbhoy ; 2,000 cwts linseed, Sanday and Co ; 9,009 cwts linseed, E D Sassoon and Co ; [3,000 cwts mussor, Ralli Bros.

Salcette s—1 case ivory pieces, A Visram.

FOR MARSEILLES.

E S Embericos s—15,000 cwts teelseed, Ralli Bros.

City of Benares s—160 bales hemp, Kiddle Reeves and Co ; 2,000 cwts rapeseed, Louis Dreyfus and Co.

FOR HULL.

Fern s—1,438 cwts castorseed, A Khimji ; 2,100 cwts myrabollams, K Keshowji.

Hidalgo s—14,000 cwts cottonseed, W Bechar.

Umsinga s—4,000 cwts cottonseed, W Bechar.

FOR HAVRE.

Siburien s—150 bales cotton, Volkart Bros ; 2,000 cwts teelseed and 4,000 cwts linseed Ralli Bros; 2,000 cwts linseed, K. Dewchand and Co.

FOR LEITH.

Hidalgo s—2,000 cwts oil cake, Glade and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Chupra s—1,155 bales cotton, Volkart Bros ; 1,000 tons manganese ore, Killick Nixon and Co ; 2,000 tons manganese ore Shivrajpur Syndicate ; 1,750 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co ; 910 bales cotton, A Moritz and Co; 55 bales cotton Dewadkar and Co ; 800 cwts gum, M Jafferbhoy.

FOR HAMBURG.

Lamington s—201 cwts myrabollams W Bechar; 53 bales cotton, W Wolf and Sons.

FOR ANCONA.

Illinia s—100 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.

FOR GENOA.

Khosrou s—200 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co ; 525 bales cotton, J A Begbie ; 700 bales cotton Dewadkar and Co ; 500 bales cotton S Goculdas and Co ; 30 cases oilmanstore M Jafferbhoy ; 50 cwts gum olibanum, Shapurji Cooverji.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Pearlmoor s—3,000 cwts rapeseed, Louis Dreyfus and Co.

Siberien s—8,000 cwts linseed, Louis Dreyfus and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Illinia s—220 bales cotton, M. Jethabhai and Co; 330 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 550 cwts myrabollams, P. Jethabhoy.

FOR VENICE.

Illinia s—500 cwts linseed, C. Boggiano and Co; 4,000 cwts castorseed, Ralli Bros; 200 bales cotton, Walter Pavri and Co.

FOR FIUME.

Illinia s—110 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 110 bales cotton, M. Jethabhai and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Ischia s—200 bales cotton, N. Rajaram and Co.

FOR OSAKA.

Ischia s—158 bales cotton, N Rajaram and Co.

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

NAMES.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last half-yearly Dividend.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.				
Alliance Bank of Simla Ld.	100	100	14 p.c.	265
Bank of Bombay	500	500	13 p.c.	1587½
Bank of India	100	50	6 "	63
Bank of Bengal	500	500	14 "	1590
Bank of Madras	500	500	12 "	1370
Bank of Barmah	100	100	7 "	134
Bank of Baroda	100	50	6 "	60
Eastern Bank	£ 10	£ 4	...	70½
National Bank of India	25	12½	12 p.c.	...
Punjab National Bank	100	100	9	150
People's Bank of India	50	30	3	32
Specie Bank	100	50	7	60
The Bombay Merchants' Bank Ld.	100	10	6½	9
EXCHANGE BANK.				
Credit Bank of India Ld.	50	10	Nil	9½
Chartered Bank	£20	£20	13 p.c.	60
Mercantile Bank	£25	£12½	6 "	£17
Do.	25	12½	6 "	£16-10
Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation Ld.	$125	$125	£2	£91

MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES

Al'ok Ashdown & Co.	100	100	6 p.c.	240
All India Ut. Co. Ld.	100	20	5 "	11½
Bamankua	10	10	...	84
Back Bay Bath	50	50	6 p.c.	32½
Badham Pile	70	70	28·8	99
Baroda Tram. Co	100	100	4 p.c.	65
Bombay Burmah T Corpn	125	125	10 p.c.	532½
Bombay Electric S. and T. Co. Ld. O.	£10	£10	Nil.	122
Do do. P.	£10	£10	6 p.c.	168½
Bombay Ice Mfg.	100	100	...	15
Bombay Flour Mill	500	500	20	820
Bombay Land and Building	500	500	5 p.c.	590
Bombay S. N. Co. O.	250	250	8·10	277½
Do. do. P.	250	250	6	280
Central I. M. Co., Ld.	10	10	3½	27
Delhi Flour	200	200	10	102
Empire of I. L. Assc.	500	50	20 p.c.	175
John Roberts and Co.	100	100	5 p.c.	205
Josts Fans Supply Co.	100	50	7 yr.	50
Kemp and Co.	200	175	12½ "	172
Karachi Landing	200	75	12	95
Marcks and Co	100	100	10	107
Marsland Price and Co O.	100	100	4 p.c.	...
Do. do. P.	100	100	7 p.c.	...
Napier Hotel Co.	100	100	...	...
Oriental Govt. L. A. Co.	200	50	18½ yr.	275
Oriental Mining	...	...	...	6
Phillips and Co.	40	40	10 p.c.	35
Port Canning Co.	1000	1000	yr. 42	825
Shivrajpore Syn. etc.	10	10	...	16
Sirdar Carbonic Gas Co.	100	100	5	105x
Soundy and Co. O.	100	100	...	20 N.
	75	35	...	39½
Tata Iron Steel Co. D.	30	30	...	77
Ld. P.	150	130	...	131
Thacker and Co.	50	50	25 p.c.	248
Telephone Co.	25	25	yr. 1½	42
Treacher and Co.	500	500	yr. 30	500

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar	750	750	250	5662
Albert (Karachi)	1100	1100	45	850
Bombay Cotton	125	125	15	65
Breul's Cawnpore	200	200	nil	120
Broach City	200	200	14	177
Fort	475	475	22½	150
Godavery Valley	100	100	6	150
Harvey & Sabhapatty	500	500	40	510
Hindustan P. and M.	250	250	15	125
Hingolee	100	100	6	115
Indian Cotton	125	125	10	132
Jamna Gin. & Pressing Co.	1000	1000	70	750
Jhangaum	400	400	nil	385
Mahomedpura Cotton	125	125	7½	100
Mahuva	200	200	nil	140
Mercantile	125	125	nil	42
Manmar Mfg.	250	250	15	239½
New East India	1000	1000	75	1000
New Mofussil Co.	400	400	60	800
New Berar	500	500	40	532½
New Prince of Wales	500	500	30	680
Oomri	100	112	nil	50
Parbhany	100	100	10	130
Rand	400	400	30	670
Surat City	200	200	20	235
Velkart U. P. Co., Ld.	500	500	50	675
Wadhwan G. & P.	150	150	12	N

SPINNING & WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad Advanced	500	500	yr. 20	440
Alliance	1000	1000	...	35
Berar Mfg	200	200	...	110
Bombay Cotton Mfg	500	500	40	125
Bombay Dyeing and M. Co.	250	250	15	565
Bombay United	250	250	11	295
Century	100	100	3	165
Central India	500	500	70	1675
China	1000	1000	...	600 nm
Ohho Silk	500	500	20	500
Colaba Land and Mill	700	700	30	1110
Coronation Mills	500	500	...	600
Connaught	800	800	...	175
Cooria	1000	1000	yr. 45	465
Crescent	100	100	4	66½
Currimbhoy	500	500	...	965
Crown	500	500	20	500
David	250	250	12½	368½
Emperor Edward	500	500	25	...
Empress	500	500	...	175
Edward Sassoon Mill	200	200	nil	195
Fazulbhoy	250	250	...	192
Framji Petit	1000	1000	25	1330
Finlay Mills	250	250	10	232½
Gold Mohur	500	500	yr. 20	200
Hindustan	1000	1000	25	440
Howard and Bullough	500	500	15	350
Hyderabad	1000	1000	40	1200
Imperial Cotton	500	500	...	80
Indian Mfg.	1000	1000	...	360
Indo-China Mfg.	1000	1000	nil	750
James Greaves	500	500	...	250
Jamshed Mfg.	250	250	7½	140
Jivraj Baloo	1000	1000	...	325
Jubilee Mills	1000	1000	...	175
Khandesh	1000	610	25	775
Khatow Makonjee	1000	1000	45	700
Kohinoor	500	500	15	630
Leopold	100	100	...	30
Lakshmi Cotton	1000	1000	yr. 100	1435
Madras United	1000	1000	80	2550
Maneckji Petit	1000	1000	30	2640
Morarji Goculdas	1000	1000	100	2900
Mysore Spinning	250	250	...	50
Mysore Spinning	80	80	...	...
Moon	1000	1000	...	100
New Great Eastern	200	200	5	162½
New City of Bombay	500	500	20	770
Phoenix	100	100	6	80
Presidency	1000	1000	yr. 40	375
Queen	1000	1000	nil	100
Ripon	1000	1000	...	550
Sassoon Cotton	1000	1000	yr. 60	770
Sassoon Silk	500	500	yr. 35	560
Sholapur	1000	1000	150	4100
S. Mahratta	250	250	15	140
Standard Mills	500	500	25	920
Sun	250	250	nil	60
Swan	250	250	10	200
Swadesh	500	500	25	1045
Textile	500	500	15	850
Vishnu Cotton O.	500	500	nil	530
Do. P.	500	500	nil	600
Western India	1000	1000	25	360

HOME REMITTANCES.

The Treasury, Calcutta, 13th March.

The weekly Memorandum of Remittances to the Home Treasury :—

Amount of revised estimate in the Financial Statement to be remitted during 1910-11	£26,645,000
Remitted from 1st April 1910 to 11th March 1911, by Council Bills *	£24,816,578
Balance to be remitted from 12th March 1911 to 31st March 1911	£1,828,422

* Of this sum £ 2,545,000 has been taken to the account of the Currency Reserve.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

DANDISON—March 9, at Belmont, Coonoor, the wife of A S Dandison, of a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

SHORT—FRENCH—February 25, at the Cathedral, Lahore, by the Rev Canon E J Warlow, Vivian Augustus, third son of Mr and Mrs A P Short of Chautilly, Grenada, West Indies, to Annie Wilna Lee, only daughter of Mr E Lee French, Inspector-General of Police, Punjab, and Mrs Lee French.

DEATHS.

BARCLAY—March 8, at Lahore, Ronald Barclay, Telegraph Department, age 28.

CASSIDY—March 9, at the General Hospital, Madras, Clarence Herbert Cassidy, of the G P O, age 48.

O'CONNOR—March 6, at Lahore, Mary O'Connor (nee Kennedy), the dearly loved wife of George St P O'Connor, North-Western Railway.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Bombay Hunt, Rifle Butts, Santa Cruz.
Bombay Corporation, 3-40 p. m.
Excelsior Cinematograph, Novelty Theatre, three shows nightly, 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30 and 10 to 11 p.m. Special attraction, our star film "Messina."
Skating Rink : Practice Session, 8 to 9 a.m. Ladies Session, 9 to 10 a.m., Evening Sessions, 6 to 8 p.m.

Maxim : "When some fellows fail they call it 'hard luck' ; when they succeed they call it 'enterprise.'"—PHILADELPHIA COMMERCIAL.

ENGLISH MAILS.

ARRIVAL.

The P. and O. Company's s. s. "Arcadia," with the English mail of the 3rd instant, which left Aden at 7 p. m., on Sunday, is expected to arrive in Bombay harbour at 5 a. m. to-morrow.

DEPARTURE.

The P. and O. Co.'s mail steamer "Salsette" will leave Bombay harbour on Saturday, at 2-39 p. m.

PLAGUE MORTALITY.—The official returns of plague cases for the 24 hours ending 6 o'clock yesterday morning show 25 attacks and 19 deaths. The total mortality from all causes during the same period was 131. Same date last year the figures were 42 attacks, 36 deaths and 120 total mortality.

BAND AT THE PRINCE'S GYMKHANA.—By kind permission of Lieut-Col. J. S. McNeill, V. D., and the Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, G. I. P. Ry. Vols. will play the following programme of music under the direction of Mr. A. Mailandaine, Bandmaster, at 6 p.m. this evening :—

March	Under the Double Eagle Wagner
Clarionet Solo	Concert Aria Bergson
A. Spanish Dance, Bailabiedela Sal	Arbos
B. Patrol	The Turkish Michaelis
Selection	Our Miss Gibbs Monckton
Valse	The Quaker Girl Monckton
Selection	The Arcadians Monckton
Galop	Wieder Wind Faust

THE MOHURRUM RIOT.

Rioters Punished.

At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, disposed of the cases in which Inspector Jones charged Haji Ismail Nurmahomed Hassan, Jodu Munshi, Abu Haji Mia, Hassan Khan Dawood Khan and Mohomed Jusab with rioting during the last Moburrum. Mr. Ashbury and Mr. Chhatrapati pleaders, defended the accused.

The complaint was that the accused were in the crowd that had assembled at Pydhownie and that they were seen throwing stones at the Police and the military.

All the accused pleaded not guilty.

On the evidence the Magistrate gave the fourth accused the benefit of the doubt and acquitted him.

The second accused was convicted and sentenced to twelve months' rigorous imprisonment while the first, third, fifth and sixth accused were sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment each.

ALLEGED RASH DRIVING.

Knocking Down a Lady Cyclist.

Yesterday, at the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. J. W. S. Dracup, Third Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Spiers charged Bhana Wega, with driving a carriage in such a rash and negligent manner as to endanger human life.

The case was remanded as the complainant Miss L. Harper was lying in hospital. It is alleged that Miss L. Harper, who is employed in the Telephone Office, was going on a cycle on Monday last at about 11 a. m. towards the Queen's statue. When she came near the Bank of India, it is alleged, a shigram, driven by the accused, came out of the lane at the corner of the John Connon School and knocked Miss Harper down. In the meantime another carriage came up and the wheel of one of the carriages passed over her chest. Some European gentleman who saw the occurrence took her to the Bank of India where she was attended to by the officials. Inspector Spiers then came there and removed her to the European General Hospital where it was found that her collar-bone was dislocated and that she had sustained some other internal injuries.

CARRIAGE ACCIDENT.

Horse Runs into a Motor-car.

On the Queen's Road near the Churni Road Railway Station an accident to a private carriage occurred in consequence of the horse taking fright, but luckily it resulted only in slight injuries to the driver and the syce who were thrown off the box. A Parsi lady and her husband were being driven in the carriage and the horse ran into the motor of Mr. Justice Beaman who happned to be passing. One of the fore wheels of the victoria was smashed and some damage was done to the motor-car. The animal with the occupants in the carriage bolted uncontrolled, as the driver and the syce were thrown off the box by the compact of the collision. The horse was stopped at the junction of the Girgaon and Churni Roads.

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(Trade Mark)

—the *sure* raising powder—is used.

Everything baked with "Paisley Flour" is most digestible, even when new, and do you know that any cakes left over and reheated in the oven the following day are almost equal to the freshly baked.

Made by Brown & Polson. Every tin contains recipes for tempting cakes, etc.

TAPTI-VALLEY RAILWAY.

Annual General Meeting.

At the annual general meeting of shareholders of the Tapti-Valley Railway Company, Limited, the Chairman, Sir Henry Procter, made the following speech :—

Gentlemen,—In proposing the adoption of the directors' report and audited statement of accounts for the year 1910, which having been circulated to the shareholder, I would ask you to take as read, I am glad to be able to state that the result of the year's working of your Railway shows a considerable increase in earnings over those of 1909. This has enabled your directors to recommend an increased dividend of 4 3-4 per cent. for the year as against 4 1-4 per cent last year and 4 per cent. for the previous two years, which I hope you will consider satisfactory. Since the report and accounts were printed the audited returns for December have come to hand and the actual traffic figures for the year compared with 1909 are as follows :—

	1910	1909
Number of Passengers	...10,53,951	8,26,467
Earnings (in Rupees)	... 4 18,519	3,53,700
Merchandize (in Tons)	... 2,15,569	1,95,483
Earnings (in Rupees)	... 7,61,309	7,45,171

The nett earnings for the latter half-year actually amount to Rs. 2,79,505 against the Rs. 2,60,000 which has been credited to revenue account as the estimated earnings for that period, so that instead of only carrying forward Rs. 5,363-11-6, we have an additional Rs. 19,505 to help the earnings of the current year. I am sorry to say that the year has not opened at all promisingly as the approximate returns up to the 25th February show a decrease in gross earnings of Rs. 43,373 as compared with 1910, but I hope when audited figures are received the decline will not be as serious as the approximate returns indicate. It is, however, just as well if the dividend is to be maintained that we have nearly Rs. 25,000 to carry forward from last year.

PASSENGER TRAFFIC.

You will notice from the figures I have just given you that there has been an increase in the number of passengers carried of 2,32,514 and in earnings therefrom of Rs.64,849, which is due, in my opinion, to the general development of the country the line serves, to the opening of numerous flag stations and the reduced fares. I told you at our last meeting that owing to the decrease in the passenger earnings your directors proposed to address the working Agency with a view to the restoration of the 2 1-2 pies per mile fare which was reduced in July 1908 to 2 1-4 pies per mile. This was done, but the working Agency did not see their way to comply with the request on the ground "inter alia" that the effect of the reduction could not be satisfactorily gauged for at least 3 years. I think from this year's figures we must admit that the reduction in fares has tended to increase the passenger traffic and that the B. B. & C. I. Railway were right in taking the view they did. In any case I am sure you will agree with me that an increase of over 25 per cent in the numbers carried is exceedingly satisfactory.

GOODS TRAFFIC.

We have carried over 20,000 tons more than in 1909, resulting in an increase of gross earnings of Rs.16,138. The figures for this season are for a shorter period, but I regret to say there is little prospect of their coming up to last year's figures which were record ones when the final result of the season is known. I have just returned from a visit to the line and from information then received it appears that the cotton crop on the Khandeish side is practically equal to that of last year. A larger number of bales have however found their way this season to Dhulia, and I was told that this was due to higher prices being paid there by exporting firms. This hardly seems to be probable, as if the cotton was obtainable cheaper at our stations shippers would undoubtedly have bought there and I am inclined to think the real reason is that ginning and pressing rates are considerabley lower in Dhulia than at the ginning factories and presses on our line which latter have formed a combine. Your Agents are taking up this matter with the B. B. and C. I. Railway authorities as it is one which seriously affects your traffic.

COAL TRAFFIC.

Your line has carried during the year under review 16,876 tons of coal for the public earning Rs. 21,781 and 1,868 tons for the Loco. Department earning Rs. 3,319. Last year only 9,076 tons were carried for the public so this year's figures show a a satisfactory increase. On the other hand there is a decrease in the quantity carried for the Loco. Department, the figure last year being 6,332 tons. The total earnings from coal amount to Rs. 25,100 against Rs. 21,923 in 1909. Rs. 32,864 in 1908 and Rs. 34,903 in 1907. Before concluding I must refer to the regrettable accident which took place between Dondaiche and Sinkheda on the 12th June last, which resulted in the loss of the lives of the driver and second fireman of the train. At the site of the accident there was an open girder span of 12 feet and owing to heavy rain the stream over which the culvert was built rose very rapidly and scoured out the bank behind the abutment of the culvert. The result was that when the engine passed over the culvert it came on to the rails which were standing unsupported and sank into the bank and the 16 vehicles of which the train was composed piled up behind it in the culvert. After the accident, your Agents had numerous enquiries from the shareholders as to whether the accident would result in any loss to this Company and for the information of the shareholders generally I would say that as the working Agency work and maintain the line the cost of repairing the damage to the line and the loss in connection with the damage to the rolling stock falls on the working Agency entirely in accordance with the contract. It has been decided to add a 20 feet span to the culvert and this being an additon to the line will be paid for by this Company and is debitable to capital. The cost of the additional span is estimated at Rs. 3,074. With these remarks I beg to propose that the report of the Directors together with the audited statement of accounts made up to 31st December 1910, circulated to the shareholders and now taken as read be and the same are hereby approved, adopted and confirmed.

THE DIRECTORS' REPORT.

The Directors' report is as follows :—The following table gives a comparison of the receipts for the past 5 years :—

	1910	1909	1903
Number of Passengers	...10,84,468	8,26,467	8,10,115
Earnings (in Rupees)	... 4,13,148	3,53,700	3,68,871
Merchandise (in Tons)	... 2,00,202	1,95,483	2,10,818
Earnings (in Rupees)	... 7,24,827	7,45,171	6,24,384
		1907	1906
Number of Passenges	... ...	7,75,186	6,73,387
Earnings (in Rupees)	... ...	3,77,780	3,49,431
Merchandise (in Tons)	... ...	1,85,264	1,75,053
Earnings (in Rupees)	... ...	6,80,363	7,79,220

The figures for 1910 will require adjustment as the capital and revenue accounts for the latter half-year have not been received. It will be noticed that there is a very considerable increase in the number of passengers carried resulting in an increase of nearly Rs. 30,000 in earnings.

The goods traffic shows an increase in the weight carried but a decline in earnings as compared with the previous year. The figures for December, however, have been calculated from approximate returns only and it is probable that on receipt of the audited figures the earnings will prove to have been larger. The receipts for the whole year being better than those of last year, your Directors are able to propose an increased dividend and this they hope you will consider satisfactory.

The nett receipts of the line for the first six months of the year amounted to Rs. 3,81,333-7-1, out of which your Directors declared an ad-interim dividend at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum or Rs. 10-0-0 per share, absorbing Rs. 2,50,000. For the latter six months the nett receipts are estimated approximately at Rs. 2,60,000 which, added to the amounts brought forward from last year and the first six months of the present year, and after deducting expenses, including interest to debenture-holders, leave a balance of Rs. 3,49,613-11-6 available for disposal, which your Directors propose to apply as follows :—(I) Dividend for the second half-year ended 31st December 1910 at the rate of

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The Anchor Line steamer Olympia, 2,339, tons, Captain T Mitchell, arrived here yesterday from Liverpool with a general cargo and passengers, leaving that port on February 19.

The steamer Bahadur, 2,936 tons, Captain G H Mackinon, arrived here yesterday with a general cargo and coal from Calcutta which port she left on February 4.

The steamer Kretos, 2,189 tons, Captain E Reich, arrived here yesterday with ballast from Lorenco Marquis which port she left on February 26.

The B I S N Co's steamer Lhasa, 950 tons, Captain McDiarmid, arrived here yesterday with a general cargo and passengers from Karachi and coast ports leaving the former port on March 13.

The Yacht Freelayce, 73 tons, Captain F C Tophan, arrived here yesterday from Liverpool, &c.

The French mail steamer Varna, 3,514 tons, Captain Bistorcello, arrived here yesterday with a general cargo and passengers from Nanmevia Colombo, leaving the former port on February 3. She will leave here to-day for Marseilles with a general cargo and passengers.

The B I S N Co's steamer Kola, 510 tons, Captain W C Morrison, will leave here to-day for Persian Gulf via Karachi withea general cargo and passengers.

The Austrian Lloyd steamer Bohemia, 2,364 tons, Captain G Gillhuber, will leave here to-day for Trieste with a general cargo and passengers.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

H M S Hyacinth ....Capt J D Dick R N .. Royal Navy
H M S Redbreast.....Lt Comdr Hon R O B Bridgeman Royal Navy
H M S Sphinx .....Comdr J Harvey R N.....Special Service Steamer
R I M S Elphinstone.....Lt Comdr A St C Bowden R I Marine
R I M S General Brackenbury .....Lt Comdr Robinson Target Towing Steamer
R I M S Harding.....Capt Luck R I M
R I M S Dufferin .....Capt Huddleston.....R I Marine

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—March 15.

Bahadur....2936Mackinnon.....
Birmingham.....2612 Carter.....
Budrio...1613 Jones .....
Brasiliana.....2438 .....Snowdon
Dwarka .....730 Mazon.....M M & Co
Fazilka .....2698 Grand .....M M & Co
Fakhri.....2555 Figot.....
Firoozi.....2029 Primrose .....B & P S N Co
Frulayce.....73 topnan.....
Gymeric .....2553 Williams .....E Tajbhoy
Goalpara .....1453 Whytehead.....P G...M M & Co
Hild ..719 Salvesen .....F F Campbell & Co
Kreton.....2139 Richt.....
Lhas ....951 McDiarmid .. Karachi ...17-3...M M & Co
Mutra...2985 Tallent .....M Mackinzee & Co
Marlgraf .....2328 Tole .....A Strandes & Co
Madura.....1273 Logan .....M M & Co
Nawab .....2041 Killi it .....T Morrison & Co
Norfolk.....2501 Buckley.....
Omkara.....2209 Mitchell .....W & A Graham & Co
Penzakote .....2209 Cole .....M Mackenzie & Co
Saifi .....502 Baldwin .....B & P S N Co
Shirley.....2192 Stone .....M M & Co
Stalsenfels ..3353 Thielen .....W & A Graham & Co
Warora.....2564 Maude .....N F.....M M & Co
Waitemata .....3459 Vent.....M M & Co
Yarra.....2514 Ristorcilli...Marseilles...16-3 MM & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Clan Macfarlane...3575 Price.....N F...N F... J Finlay & Co
2 Massilia.....3250 Thomson .....Liverpool...16-3 W & A Graham & Co
4 Ischia.....2432 Bobito ...Hongkong .....16-3 Rubattino Line
5 E S Embtisca..... Embrioca...Marseilles .....21-3 Ralli Brothers
6 Farn... ...2734 Albyne .....Hull .....18-3 W & A Graham & Co
7 Belle of France ..2468 Cargill...NF NF MM & Co
8 Bohemia .....2342 Gillhuber .....Trieste.....16-3 A L S N Co
9 Pearlmoor ...2576 ...Dunkirk...Moffott .....25-3 J Mackintosh & Co
10 & 11 Chupra ...3954 Henderson...Antwerp, &c 28-3 M M & Co
13 Himalaya ..3705 Spicer...Calcutta . 22-3...P & O Co
15 Bofalo ...3436 Bowman ..N F...N F.....M M & Co
16 Lamington .....2283 McPhail.....Dunkirk .....16-3 K Nixon & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—March 15.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
A Hidalgo	2760	Croft...	Hull via Karachi	21-3	J Finlay & Co
C & R City of Benares	4165	Elliott...	Karachi	...23-3	K Nixon and Co
D & E Clan Maclean	2952	Williamson...	Dunkirk	23-3	J F & Co
F Clematis	2329	Robinson	Antwerp	17-3	J Mackintosh & Co
G Tullochmoor	2251	Johnstone	Dunkirk	25-3	W & A Graham & Co
H Sultan	2701	Faniyia	Zanzibar	...19-3	A S & Co
K Ellenia	2726	Ravision	Trieste	...18 3	A L S N Co
N Lochtenfels	3525	Witteuberg	Hamburg via Karachi	...20-3	W & A G & Co
P Siberian	2312	Ormi...	Dunkirk	...25-3	B & P S N Co
Q Umzinga	1869	Robertson	Middlesbro	...21-3	W & A Graham & Co

H W P D

Indrawati	513	Fakeera	N F	N F	Bo S N Co Ld
Mahanadi	547	Ahmed	Mangalore	17-3	Bo S N Co Ld
Netravati	699	Fakeera	Repairing		Bo S N Co Ld

M W D D

Persia	3198	Haughton	London	25-3	P & O Jo Offside K
M Khosrou	2410	Hannah	Genoa	23-3	B & P S N Co Offside Q
Salsette	2391	Lewellia	Aden	13-3	P & O Co

ARRIVALS.

Mar.	Vessels.	Commanders.	From
15	Olympia	Mitchell	Liverpool, Feb 19
	Yarra	Ristorcelle	Nanmo, Feb 3
	Bahadur	Mackinnon	Calcutta, Feb 4
	Kreton	Reich	L. M'quis, Feb 28
	Freelayce	Topnan	Liverpool
	Lhasa	McDiarmid	K'chi, Mar 13

DEPARTURES.

Mar.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
15	Deo Baldaino	Magnanni	Genoa
	Delhi	Bradshaw	Shanghai

The following vessels obtained their port-clearance yesterday :—

Steamer Yarra, Ristorcelle, for Marseilles
" Bohemia, Gillhuber, for Trieste
" Kola, Morrison, for Persian Gulf, &c

The following vessels were entered for loading yesterday :—

Steamer Madura, for Persian Gulf.
" Markgraf, for Zanzibar &c.
" Krastga, for Liverpool &c.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

Mar.	Vessels.	From
13	Twingone	Rangoon
13	Taroba	Straits

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Austrian Lloyd's steamer China, from Trieste, left Aden on the 14th instant, and is due here on the morning of the 21st instant.

The Societa Nazionale Di Servizi Maritimi Co's. Steamer Capri, left Hongkong for Singapore and Bombay on the 14th instant.

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White Rose, 150 deg.	5 12 2	" "
Cliffster, 125 deg	4 12 2	" "
Devoe's Brilliant, 125 deg	4 8 2	" "
Monkey, 125 deg.	4 8 2	" "
Elephant, 125 deg.	4 8 0	per two tins.
" 125 deg, (in Bulk)	3 9 0	per 8 gallons.

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.

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Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors.

Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance, not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

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J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

***All communications of a literary characters should be addressed to The Editor, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the General Manager. Communications should not be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, General Post Office, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.
Thursday, 16th March, 1911.

PLAGUE IN CHINA.

PLAGUE continues to spread in China and the Chinese are losing heart. The Celestial declares it is no use doing anything and resents the interference of the authorities. They say it is fate; "those who are to die will die and those who are not to die should not be worried with restrictions." We reached that stage in Bombay before the visitation had become epidemic two years. Riots followed by way of impressing this view of the matter on the authorities. Restrictions were relaxed, with the result that the ravages of plague increased and the scourge is still upon our shoulders after many years. It will prove the same in China. Recrudescences are reported from Taitsihar, Kuangchengzte and Tiehling. In Tientsin the situation causes the utmost anxiety, for the disease is steadily creeping forward now and it is felt that if the authorities fail to keep it down there it will probably sweep over the remainder of China this year or next. The Settlements appear to be trying to reconcile the exigencies of business with the safety of the inhabitants, but the feeling gains ground that more stringent precautions will soon need to be taken. From Moukden, we learn that fresh nests of plague are springing up in unexpected parts of the city, and once it starts in a locality, it is very persistent and taxes the energy and skill of the authorities. These are dying nobly; doctors and policemen engaged in carrying out regulations are added to each day's death-roll. A remarkably unfortunate feature of the campaign there is that the bulk of the police are employed inspecting houses and reporting to the Sanitary Bureau, thus leaving an insufficient strength for patrol and point duty, the consequence being that numbers of dead bodies are deposited in back streets and doorways. Devices formerly resorted to here are adopted in China and the staff is unable to detect where the bodies have come from. The news from every large town in Kirin province is bad, but the information from all places south is reassuring, especially in cities like Liaoyang where the Chinese have given the Japanese an entirely free hand. There we find the Japanese are as perfect in fighting plague as they were their former enemies. Their methods are severe but effective. Chinese officials are declared to have done their best, but they dare not resort to Japanese methods and they have neither funds nor the number of trained men the Japanese are able to secure.

Tsinau is still free, the fact being attributed to the coincidence that few men have gone to Manchuria in search of work recently and the impassable state of the roads since the beginning of the year. In Weihsien whole villages where infected houses were reported. But methods of this kind will avail little, as no less than a hundred thousand men have returned to the district from Manchuria, spreading plague wherever they have gone. With a view to enlighten people and encourage them to take precautions, the Mission Press at Weihsien is turning out many thousands of copies of rules and suggestions concerning isolation, quarantine, disinfection and general preventive measures. From Chifoo plague has reached Tengchowfu, the carriers being, as in other instances, men from Manchuria. Fakumen is unfortunate inasmuch as though having a Prefect who is anxious to undertake active operations he is hampered by his superiors. Willing to burn infected houses, he is unsupplied with funds wherewith to pay compensation and Mukden refused to provide them. He has established a plague hospital, but has no staff to attend patients who seek admission. A Committee has been formed, but its members and the merchants of the locality are unwilling to send patients there because, as they represent, owing to insufficient attention the sick die. Moreover they refused to burn bodies in their coffins, as is being done in Heinmintu. Very different is the management of affairs in Tieling, where the magistrate insists on the destruction by fire of plague-infected houses together with the goods of those who have died therein. The example of some towns in prohibiting all communication with places outside their limits is impossible to follow; whilst measures adopted elsewhere are of less value than ought to be the case. In Fakumen a police examination is made at each of the four gates along the main roads and the sick are quarantined. But the whole administration is too slack; actual houses where deaths have occurred are sealed, but the compounds and outbuildings are left open. Quantities of lime and disinfectants have been laid in by the Plague Committee, but because the people, except the poorest, have to pay there is little demand for it. The consequence is that plague not only continues in Fakumen, but has now spread to the villages. The situation is the more serious because Fakumen is situated on a main artery of trade. The head of the Committee is a thoroughly capable and self-sacrificing citizen, yet for want of a strong controlling power to enforce stern rules, preventive measures are largely frustrated and the scourge is insidiously spreading.

Whilst in some places efficient measures have been taken, in others practically nothing has been done. As for instance, in Mukden, where the sanitary authorities have an indifferent people to deal with, despite all their efforts, they have reason to believe that many bodies are hidden in the snow. Children are placed on guard at compound entrances to give the signal when the inspector approaches and the sick are hidden away in cupboards or among the fuel until he has left. The populace resorts to any device to defeat the authorities. They pawn the clothes of an infected person to save them from being burnt and so slack are some of the authorities that in one place above over a hundred bodies of persons who had died of plague were left unburied for a month. We find one of our contemporaries crying out for the punishment of the responsible official, for the control of the imigration of coolies. It simply means this, says the journal, "that unless very drastic measures are taken throughout North China, half the population, or more, will be swept away. The sadness and tragedy of the whole thing are heart-rending. No wars have caused such suffering and misery in Manchuria. Bubonic plague is almost certain to come with the warmer weather, for the people will not attempt to destroy their beloved rats." Then again we learn further dangers result from the inexperienced students who have been impressed into preventive work. For zeal and energy and courage these young men are remarkable, but something more is needed in time of crisis. A few days before the China mail left there was trouble in Peking, because of the indiscriminate manner in which people suffering from trifling ailments were seized and carried off to the segregation hospitals. Further trouble is not unlikely to ensue from the same cause, and the only remedy to avoid rioting on a larger scale is to employ men who understand their business. The value of segregation is indisputable. Isolation of contacts is the way to check the spread of infection. But this precautionary measure must be judiciously applied and discretion can only be looked for from discreet men.

A NOTABLE LINK WITH THE PAST.

THE death of Lady Bayley, the widow of Sir Edward Clive Bayley at a very advanced age, was a noted Anglo-Indian woman of her day and reminds us of two great families intimately connected with India for several generations. She was the daughter of Sir Thomas Theophilus Metcalfe, who rose in the East India Company's service to be the Agent of the Governor-General at the Court of the Mughal Emperor at Delhi in the days when that phantom prince of the old reigning house still held his court in that ancient imperial city. His brother, the uncle of the late lady, was also in the Company's service and rose to be the Acting Governor-General to whom the press of India owes its freedom, the famous Lord Metcalfe, who later served his country in Canada as Governor-General at a critical period. The father of Sir Thomas was an old Anglo-Indian soldier who became a Director of the East India Company and was made a baronet in 1802. This baronetcy is held at the present day by his grandson. Both his sons entered the Bengal Civil Service and the eldest of them, Sir Theophilus, distinguished himself during the Mutiny. Lady Bayley's sister married Sir Edward Campbell, who also went through the Mutiny serving with the army at the famous siege and capture of Delhi. Lady Bayley married into the family of the Butterworth Bayleys, whose connection with the Indian service is as old and honourable as that of the Metcalfes. The founder of the family was a noted agriculturist and philanthropist who rendered his farm of Hope Hall near Manchester famous for its new agricultural methods. Some of his sons entered the Company's service and one of them William Butterfield Bayley rose to be Acting Governor-General between Lord Amherst and Lord William Bentinck. One son was named after the illustrious Clive, a close friend of the family. His son too was named after the famous hero, and he married in 1850 the late Lady Bayley. Sir Edward Clive Bayley was a highly distinguished Anglo-Indian official who rose through all the grades of the Bengal Civil Service to all but the highest, and retired from India after serving as Member of the Supreme Executive Council from 1873 to 1878. He distinguished himself in the Political Department, where he was for some years the assistant of that veteran political diplomatist, Sir Henry Miers Elliot, who was Dalhousie's Foreign Secretary. After Elliot's premature death in 1853 he inherited his master's literary as well as political tastes, and affectionately saw to the publication of the great work for the Mahomedan historians of this country which he had only begun and on which he had set his heart. He was mainly instrumental in advising the Secretary of State to entrust its continuation and completion to the antiquary Elward Thomas and then to Dawson. The latter completed it in eight volumes in 1877.

Sir Edward also encouraged Dawson to take up the plan of Elliot which extended to the provinces of Gujarat, Bengal, Punjab after treating the Mahomedan history of the whole country of India. In pursuance of this plan Dawson had made some progress with the history of Gujarat, but left it unfinished at the time of his death in 1881. Sir Edward himself took up the task and completed the volume; but before it could be published he himself died in 1884. He was a great Persian scholar and very accurately rendered in this volume, a valuable Persian history of Gujarat, the well-known Mirat-i-Shikandari of which the late Sir Salar Jung had transmitted to him a rare and complete manuscript from Hyderabad. He was a great friend of the Mahomedans at a time when that great community lacked powerful and influential friends among distinguished officials. The Mahomedans bewailed his death much, and a leading paper of theirs wrote a striking obituary, whose commencement and close bear quoting. "By the Mussalman community of India, who nowadays so sadly lack powerful friends and sympathisers among their rulers and who for some inscrutable reasons now seem to have unfortunately fallen into the disfavour of Government, the removal by death of a most kind-hearted and staunch friend like Sir Edward Clive Bayley, must be felt not only as a personal loss, but will be viewed as a deep and public calamity." All this is changed now and the Mahomedan community has regained the favour of the rulers whose loss the obituarist bemoaned. But the following sentence must be said to voice the true feelings not only of Mahomedans, but of most natives of India. "If England desires to conserve her empire in the East and to 'found it on the solid bases of the devoted loyalty and affection of the teeming millions of India, let her only send out to this country highbred Englishmen with generous instincts and enlightened sympathies for the people, like the late Sir Edward, who can attach to themselves the affection, love and homage of those over whom they are set to rule, and who thus constitute the only true and solid 'scientific frontier' for guarding England's colossal Empire, not only from aggression from without, but also from danger from within." These words are quite as applicable to-day as when they were written twenty-seven years ago.

A NEW DEITY.

A CURIOUS instance of the ease with which new deities arise in India, has just come to light at Dhond, the junction on the G. I. P. Railway. Last rains some Government stallions were being moved from Baramati to Ahmednagar. As the River Bhima was in flood, they had to be taken over the railway bridge, and one of them getting exoited fell over the corner of the bridge and was killed. His syce just managed to save himself. Now about two months after this incident, which had made a deep impression on the minds of the people, a potter in Dhond lost his bullock. And in a dream the spirit of the deceased horse appeared to him, and told him that he would find his bullock in a certain village many miles from Dhond. The potter on awaking vowed to the horse that if he found his bullock in the place indicated, he would build the horse a shrine. He went to the village and there sure enough was his bullock. The man in whose possession it was found affirmed that he had bought it quite innocently from some wandering men, and whether frightened by the portent or by fear of the law, begged the potter to take the animal away and say no more about it. The potter, being a shrewd man, gladly agreed to this, and on his return to Dhond built the horse a shrine or cenotaph near the corner of the bridge where it was killed. At the actual place where the horse fell there is an oblong of stones and two flags, and a little way off on firmer and more conspicuous ground the cenotaph surrounded by flags and a wooden horse covered with a drapery of green muslin. Every Thursday people come out from Dhond and break cocoanuts and pray at the shrine, and next year at the anniversary of the incident we may very likely have a small festival. The horse is called Ghorapir.

H. E. THE GOVERNOR of Madras in Council has been pleased to sanction a grant of Rs. 3,000 towards the expenses of the United Planters' Association of Southern India, in connection with the opening of a special South Indian Stall at the International Rubber and Allied Trades Exhibition, to be held in London this year.

SIR FRANCIS YOUNGHUSBAND, speaking at Cambridge, said that after his Tibet expedition he obtained a concession of a mountain post giving complete command of the road into India, but the British Cabinet, not seeing its geographical significance, gave it up.

MR. N. D. ROBERTSON, Deputy Inspector-General of Police, in the Southern Range, Madras, acts as Inspector-General during the absence of the Hon'ble Mr. D. W. C. Cowie, on leave.

ON behalf of the Indian South African League, Mr. G. A. Watson, Joint Secretary, has sent a communication to the Government of Madras and to the Government of India, pointing out that the view that Natal has been punished for the sins of the Transvaal is entirely inaccurate.

THE members of the Mahomedan University deputation are expected to arrive in Karachi next Sunday morning. A public meeting will be held at 5 p.m. the following day, at which the Commissioner in Sind will preside. On Tuesday the Sind Mahomedan Association will entertain the deputation at a garden party in the Zoological gardens

IT is stated with regard to the recent fighting near Wano, that the sections of the Mahsuds, to which the outlaws belong, have restored the six rifles captured from the Southern Waziristan Militia and have undertaken to pay blood money in the case of the Jemadar and the man killed. A fine in addition will be raised presumably by the Government, as the resistence offered to the Militia was apparenaly of a determined kind.

THE British Columbaio Marine Railway, assisted by the Dominion Government, will erect a dry dock at Esquimau 900 feet long and 100 feet wide at a cost of £600,000. A lumber company with a capital of £4,000,000 has been organised, with its headquarters at Vancouver.

ART, MUSIC AND THE DRAMA

BALLET IN GRAND OPERA.

An Emotional French Play.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
LONDON, FEB. 24.

LOOKING around the new work of the Modern Society of Portrait Painters, one is half inclined to paraphrase a famous question. Charles Lamb's brother, as a lad, noted the excess of praise on tombstones, and asked where all the bad people were buried. One on the other hand, feels disposed to ask where do all the nice, cheerful, sensible people go to be painted? So many of the more conspicuous works at current exhibitions betray strain in order to escape oblivion that it takes some time to discover the works of merit: And works of merit there are in Piccadilly, among the miscellany of varied contributions by the thirty-two members of whom the Modern Society is composed. Of these at least a dozen are men of incontestable originality and talent, of whom it may be said that nearly all have found their right metier in this particular field and the rest are not far off it. As for the remainder, they are either unjust to themselves on their present form, or they are merely occupiers of wall-space—food for reflection, nothing more.

"GROUP AT THE PLAY."

The most important canvas in the room, Mr. Oswald Birley's group at the play, is a clever and admirable tableau of four figures, flooded with good shadow, but void of obscurity. The two ladies are excellent studies at the two extremes of vivacity and ennui, and it would be hard to say that either is better than the other. The men are well contrasted in other ways; and the talker is handled with consummate ability, a bit of crisp character-drawing well set in a large and handsome scheme. The only fault of the work, in fact, is that in trying to compose everything in a harmonious whole, the facial expression has been underwritten, and an effect obtained which is more lack of entertainment than actual repose. Mr. Lambert's studies of a coryphee are disappointing. The single figure is clever, but distorted, in a way that hardens the hard and brilliant face, and the group with her friends is simply a small incident, with crowding afterthoughts in the way of unnecessary portraits. Mr. Ronaldson's three ladies are charming, especially the "Countess Dowager of Donoughmore," but his "Marquis of Waterford" is flat and dull, is stiffly modelled, and lacks personality. Mr. Glyn Philpot's chief work this year is a costume group in the Goya manner, "La Zarzarrosa," dominated by a beautiful sylph reclining in languors of yellow silk and black mantilla, and eloquent of lazy luxury. The face has just that easy attainment of effect which Mr. Lambert misses by his violence and the thinness of the painting goes unnoticed in the charm of the line composition. The portrait of Mrs. Sellar, by Mr. Fiddes Watt, is like her book of recollections keenly alive and intelligent, reminiscent and old-fashioned, but full of character and interest; while the "Mrs. Hood" has a quite Orchardsonian scrupulousness of tone and finish. One of the best works in the gallery is Mr. Frank Carter's "Mrs. Lauderdale Maitland," and another is the "Blue Feather" of Mr. John da Costa with its Lavery quality and allegretto nattiness of touch. Another is the Puritanical portrait, all lace and primness of "Mrs. E. F. Kelly," by Mr. Gerald F. Kelly, whose "Canon Randoly," on the other hand lacks, definition and fades dimly on the memory. Mr. Alfred Hayward, Mr. Louis Ginnett, Mr. Mark Milbanke and Mr. Alfred Priest are among the other victorious exhibitors and we would have added Mr. F. C. Cadell if one of his dames were not so redolent of Mr. Penley. As for the smaller rooms, they contain some skilful work in black-and-white and chalks.

THREE PICTURE EXHIBITIONS.

A collection of the water-colour drawings of Mr. E. Wake Cook, R. B. C., are now on exhibition at the Fine Art Society's galleries in New Bond-street and many parts of the world have provided the artist with subjects from Switzerland and Italy, to Yorkshire and Sussex of England and the Tropics of the north. In the seventy-one drawings inspired, Mr. Wake Cook's warm feeling for colour of the scene always finds sympathetic expression; while, on the more technical side, the sense of distance and difficulties of composition are admirably solved. The drawings do not strive for very original note, but their studious fidelity to their general warmth make a pleasant appeal. The fine sea-picture called "An Angry Sea," by Mr. Arthur Severn, R. I., R. O. I., is now on view at Messrs. Graves' galleries in Pall Mall. Measuring about three feet by eight, it depicts a furious sea covered with spray as it drives through the air to break on the shore. Masterly accompaniment and work of the greatest care secure all the effect of realism in the highest degree. At the Doré Gallery a curious trick-picture is now drawing crowds. It is called "The Shadow of the Cross" and is by a Canadian artist, Henri Ault. When the room in which it is hung is lighted, the canvas shows a figure of the Saviour, not particularly distinguished in any respect standing on a rocky knoll, with the wilderness and a delicate sky as a background. When the room is darkened, the figure becomes a black silhouette against a pale green luminous background, and the shadow of a cross appears emerging from behind its left shoulder. How this effect is obtained one is not told, and, so far as the painter's art is concerned, the matter does not strike us as of any particular importance, though from the point of view of "sensationalism" it is undoubtedly interesting.

BALLETS AND GRAND OPERA.

The Grand Opera Syndicate intend giving performances of ballets at Covent Garden this forthcoming season, and on a more extensive scale than of late. Years ago the ballet was a prominent feature in the entertainment at the King's (afterwards Her Majesty's) Theatre, but on the whole it has not possessed the importance in London which has belonged to it in Paris and other Continental centres. Stage dancing, however, has recently attracted so much attention here that one can well believe that the innovation at Covent Garden will be found acceptable. The old idea of the Grand Opera necessitated the inclusion of a "ballet-divertissement" which the action of the story was supposed to find room for. Generally the ballet was introduced with a sufficient show of excuse to make it in no wise an undue interruption. It is curious to note that with the dying down of interest in the ballet as a separate from of art there has been a tendency to treat it with less consideration when it occurs as part of the grand opera. How often is the ballet music in the last act of "Faust" heard? Perhaps one of the most curious events in the history of ballet and opera is the famous "Tannhauser" dispute in Paris, when objection was taken to the fact that the ballet came in the first act (the Venusberg scene) instead of later; which may be said to have been all the more annoying to Wagner as he had composed a special version for the Parisian production. Mentioning "Faust" reminds one that Mr. Lumley once applied to Heine for a ballet plot, but the result was found to be unsuitable for the English stage. It was called "Mephistopheles," and dealt with the temptation of Faust by a female Mephistopheles; in one of the scenes the temptress exhibits to her victim the most celebrated danseuses of antiquity including Salome. Strauss's Salome "by the way, might be said to conform to one grand opera requirement, although the ballet is a "pas seul."

MUSICAL NOTATION.

Sometimes the question arises as to whether the musical notation can be improved. This includes everything, notes, clefs, etc. It has taken many years to arrive at the present system, which, on the whole, is remarkably clear. It is not very easy, though, to write quickly, and for this reason Mr. Francis Taylor has invented a system of musical shorthand which certainly involves less trouble (once you have learnt it). The particulars are obtainable in pamphlet form, 6d., from William Reeves, "How to Write Music in Shorthand," with examples in the new writing of a few bars of famous compositions. Mr. Taylor has only six signs for duration they serve as rests of corresponding value when given an additional diagonal stroke. There might well be a universal sign for such a case as the following, which would make for simplicity. In twelve-eight time a melodic phrase ends on the first quaver in the bar, and the part is silent till the next bar; much labour would be saved if one stroke of the pen was sufficient to indicate the whole time value of the silent beats, for at present one has to make at least six separate marks. It would apply, in a lesser degree, in the case of other measures as well. As to clefs, one cannot dispense with the C clef, and simplifying matters here is hardly possible, except that the alto form, with C on the middle line, might be used to replace the tenor. In orchestral scores much clearness would result if the parts for clarinet when playing in their lowest register were written on the C clef to save the use of ledger lines.

DR. COWEN AND "THE VEIL."

Every one will sympathise with Dr. F. H. Cowen at it having been found necessary to postpone the production in London of his Cardiff Festival novelty, "The Veil." Although the composer has recovered from his recent illness, medical advice prevents him at present from undertaking the strain of conducting. In so short a time it was found impossible to arrange for the performance of the work under another conductor, and therefore the abandonment of the scheme became a necessity. The arrangements so unfortunately disturbed included the special visit (their first) to London of the Cardiff Festival Choir.

POPULAR PRICES.

Now and then one sees "Popular prices" attached to announcements of recitals. A distinguished singer recently gave such a one at the Queen's Hall, showing that the idea that high artistic merit and high prices go together need no longer be considered. The gain to the public is so great that any extension in this direction is to be warmly welcomed. It is not so much the individual saving, but the fact that of necessity the community as a whole benefits by bringing the best musical performance before a number of people otherwise kept away. The shilling promenade concert is a good instance of what can be done by relying upon such support, and to their successful enterprise is due the far greater interest now shown in orchestral music than was formerly the case. One might argue from this that opera will never take hold here until the slender purse is catered for; in fact, that any scheme which relies upon the subscriptions of patronage of the well-to do will take us no further than we are at present situated, no matter for how long tried.

"THE LILY."

Mr. Laurence Irving should find that he produced a great success at the Kingsway [illegible]. Allowances must be made for the fact that "The Lily" is an American version, by David [illegible], of a French play by Pierre Woolfe and Gaston [illegible], and that the emotionalism of the Latin [illegible] foreign to English actors, and therefore [illegible] scenes the right note is not struck [illegible] material of the drama is so human and [illegible] it triumphs easily over such drawbacks. [illegible] of the play is between parental selfish[illegible] right of the young to their youth, and [illegible] Family honour (that is, exemption [illegible] is pitted against the strongest feeling [illegible] being know—love; and to make-belief [illegible] attacked falls to ruins at one blow [illegible] de Maigny is a libertine in Paris [illegible] martinet at home. He has killed [illegible] and unfaithfulness, and he [illegible] to the life of mere ministers to [illegible] perished by his own extravagance [illegible] a dot for their marriage in his [illegible] determined they shall not marry [illegible] in the slang of the clubs is "a [illegible] to grow old without knowing [illegible] girls owe that to him—it is the [illegible] is successful in destroying the [illegible] Odette, the oldest of the [illegible] Christiane, is not so patient [illegible] with a clever and rising [illegible] Arnaud only to learn that her [illegible] by his being already married [illegible] from his wife. The [illegible] ther again. The [illegible] brought about [illegible] suddenly with [illegible] daughter's [illegible] cotton merchant [illegible] in a terrible [illegible] drags the [illegible] himself [illegible] meeting [illegible] in [illegible]

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THE ARMY ESTIMATES.

ESTABLISHMENT NOW FULL.

Compulsory Service Deprecated.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]
LONDON, MARCH 14.

Introducing the Army Estimates, to-day, Mr. Haldane deprecated any scheme of compulsory service, which, he argued, would interfere with recruiting for the regular Army.

The establishment was now completely full, with the exception of that of the Royal Engineers, which was 348 short.

Mr. Haldane announced that a committee was engaged in working out the whole problem of the horse supply.

Dealing with the shortage of officers, Mr. Haldane said it was proposed to adopt a system of nomination for Sandhurst by headmasters, who would be required to say that the nominee had shown the real capacity of Englishmen. The preliminary examination would be abolished, and each case recommended would be considered.

Increased Pay for Officers.

LONDON, MARCH 15.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Haldane also mentioned that a Committee had been appointed to investigate the shortage in the Royal Engineers. Lord Kitchener would probably preside.

The Government proposed to introduce a system of scholarships for Sandhurst. The question of increasing Officers' pay was most urgent, and must eventually be faced.

Mr. Haldane announced that four British-built aeroplanes had been purchased, making a total of nine.

The experiments carried out with the new rifle were most satisfactory, and the question of a carbine was being considered.

LATER.

The discussion on the Army Estimates to-day chiefly was directed against the official opinion of General Sir Ian Hamilton's memorandum on compulsory service.

Lieutenant-General Sir R. Pole-Carew, who was making his maiden speech, said that Sir Ian's book was like himself, "unreadable," and written to order, to the detriment of the writer.

Mr. Ponsonby against this "unwarrantable attack on a soldier whose chivalry was extremely well known. It was outrageous that a man should be paid extremely high pay of Mr. Haldane's position and then write a book like that."

Mr. Haldane said he was not responsible for the book, but he thought it was a very able book, and he was glad that Sir Ian Hamilton had written it. He was not at all sure that he agreed with all that was in it

conclusion that the yield of dry crop land in the Deccan was Rs. 5 per acre in the hands of the better class of the agriculturists; and in the holdings of Kolis and Dhondias who neglected to weed the same land would not give half the amount. Notwithstanding the character of the land and the poverty, unskilness and the habitual laziness of the greater body of the agriculturists, the assessment at the original Survey of 1871 was enhanced 50 per cent. over the average collections of the preceding 10 years and 16 per cent. over the collection of the year preceding. At the time of the Revision Survey Settlement very little improvement was found in the condition of the aboriginal classes, but there was on the whole much increase in the average dry crop soil rates. In connection with rice lands the maximum soil rates were much increased, but in return the maximum water rates were much lowered. But the average rates of the rice lands, the soil and water rates combined were heavier at the Revision Survey than at the Original Survey. Similarly in garden lands where there were separate soil and water rates, the maximum soil rates were generally increased and the maximum water rates were reduced. The result of the Revision Survey Settlement in respect of all the lands taken together was to make an enhancement of 8·19 per cent. in the assessment of the Original Survey. Another circumstance that had the effect of largely raising the assessment was that of classifying dry crop lands as garden lands.

The Hon'ble Mr. Pratt said some mistake had certainly been made, but he was sure it was not so extensive as the hon'ble member seemed to think. Government had already given orders for a new survey of such land as had been affected.

The motion being put to the vote was defeated.

MOHORRUM CELEBRATIONS.

The Hon'ble Mr. Ibrahim Rahimtoola asked leave to withdraw the following resolution which stood in his name:

"That in view of the fact that the Mohorrum celebrations of both the last and the current years have proved failures and that on the last Ashura day people were fired upon, killed and wounded, His Excellency Sir George Clarke be graciously pleased to take the matter in his hands personally and in consultation with really representative men from amongst the Mahomedan community try to provide a satisfactory solution of the problem, by which all risk of the disturbance of peace and order may be eliminated and a peaceful celebration of the holiday may be ensured."

The Hon'ble Mr. Ibrahim Rahimtoola, in moving the resolution, said: "Your Excellency, my motion deals with the future celebration of the Mohorrum and in this connection the wording of paragraph 2 of the Government Resolution recently issued is such as to lead to considerable misapprehension as to the intentions of Government. I understand, however, that Government have a perfectly open mind on the subject and that they will take into their careful consideration the circumstances of the past and carefully weigh them before finally deciding what course should be adopted for the future. I further understand that your Excellency is graciously inclined to interest yourself personally in the question and that in consultation with really representative men from amongst the Mahomedan community, intend to try and provide a satisfactory solution of the problem by which as we all so earnestly desire all risk of the disturbance of peace and order may be eliminated and a peaceful celebration of the festival ensured. As this is all that I desire by the motion which stands in my name, my object is gained and I will, therefore, ask your Excellency's permission to allow me to withdraw it."

H. E. the President said he thought the Hon'ble Member was very wise in withdrawing his resolution, because a public discussion in that Council on the subject of the Mohurrum would not be, he thought, productive of public advantage. He regretted that there should have been any misunderstanding as to the attitude Government had taken in regard to this important matter, but the Hon'ble Member's experience must have taught him that it was almost impossible to speak or write words that could not be misunderstood. The words of the Government resolution were these:—"Before arriving at any final decision, Government trust that the Mahomedan community will, through their leaders or otherwise, endeavour to concert effective measures to secure that, while the religious character of the observance of the Mohurrm is retained, there may be a reasonable guarantee that it shall not again degenerate into lawlessness, discreditable to all concerned and gravely injurious to the interests of Bombay. The Governor in Council will be ready to give the most careful consideration to any such proposals, but it will be possible to adopt them only if they seem to provide a reasonable guarantee against any future disturbance of the peace." The meaning of these words should have been clear. Government suspended judgment until the Mahomedan community had been able to consult together and to lay their views before them. He contended that this was not merely reasonable, but that it was the only reasonable course. It should not be necessary for him to say that Government was absolutely and solely responsible for the maintenance of law and order in Bombay and for the protection of minorities. They could not if they chose rid themselves of this responsibility. They would not hesitate to take any measures they considered necessary when they were in possession of the views of the Mahomedan leaders. The Mahomedan community had a right to be consulted on a question which concerned their religious customs and Government desired them to have an opportunity of exercising that right. It would not be for him as a member of the Government, and therefore as a judge in this matter to make any suggestion as to the views at which they might arrive, that must rest with them, but he now hoped that he had made the position of Government absolutely clear to the Council.

The permission asked for was granted and the resolution was withdrawn.

SUB SOIL WATER RATE IN GUJARAT.

The Hon'ble Mr. G. K. Parekh moved the following resolution: "That His Excellency in Council may be pleased to remit the sub-soil water-rate with which the lands in several of the talukas of the province of Gujarat are charged."

The Hon'ble Mr Parekh, in moving the resolution, said among the factors that were taken into account in determining the Government demands on unalienated lands at a Revenue Survey Settlement in many of the talukas of this Presidency was the subsoil water advantage. Considerable areas of land which did not derive the slightest practical benefit from the water became liable to pay increased assessment, because if the lands were transferred to richer and more enterprising, more intelligent and better educated occupants, they would be able to get benefit out of them. Where the larger number of the holders of lands were too poor to afford to spend money for the sinking of wells, it was not just to charge them rates for advantage of sub-soil water, from which it was not possible for them to derive any benefit.

The Hon'ble Mr. Pratt said the settlement had been made for the last 42 years and had constantly been under application. It was just as reasonable to remove the tax for the fertility of the soil as to relieve the cultivator of a tax for irrigational facilities.

The Hon'ble Mr. Lamb said the matter had been referred both to the Government of India and the Secretary of State and had been decided that it would not be advisable to undertake the considerable task and indeed the expense of revising the settlement and eliminating considerations of sub-soil water.

The resolution was defeated.

IRRIGATION IN THE DECCAN.

The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur Joshi moved the following resolution: "That Government be pleased to encourage the extension of Patasthal Irrigation in the Deccan by—(1) abolition of Patasthal assessment where it is still levied. (2) advances of Tagai and free grants to village communities, and (3) free provision of expert assistance."

Rao Bahadur Joshi, in support of his resolution, made a lengthy speech in the course of which he was reminded of the time-limit.

The Council then adjourned till 11·30 a.m. to-day.

THE REGISTRATION OF CHARITIES.

Juma Musjid Opposition.

The following is the full text of the petition presented by the Director of the Juma Masjid, Bombay, against the Hon'ble Mr. Ibrahim Rahimtoola's Charities Registration Bill, which has passed its first reading by the Bombay Legislative Council:—

Kazi Sheriff Mahomed Saleh Londay (Kazi of Bombay), Messrs. Mahomed Hassan Mookhi, Badruddin Abdulla Koor, Mahomed Ismail Haffi Haji Ibrahim Jitaiker, Hassan Khan Deshmukh, Goolam Mahomed Malick, and Abdul Kadir Shaikhbhican, Musharirs or Directors of the Juma Masjid of Bombay, and of its Properties and Funds and the Charities attached thereto have addressed the following petition against the Hon'ble Mr. Ibrahim Rahimtoola's Bill for the Registration of Charities:—

That your Petitioners are Musharirs or Directors of the Juma Musjid of Bombay, whose properties and affairs and the charities at present attached to it and which may be attached to it hereafter are under their control, management and administration under a Scheme sanctioned by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, in Suit No. 656 of 1891 (wherein the Hon'ble Mr. Francis Law Latham, the then Advocate-General of Bombay, was the plaintiff, and Moulvi Abdul Kadir Jitekar and others were defendants) and approved of by the Kokni Mahomedan Community of Bombay. The said Juma Musjid is the principal place of worship of all the Sunni Mahomedans resident in Bombay, as well as of those Sunni Mahomedans from all parts of the world who may come to Bombay and sojourn there for some time.

2. That as such Directors your Petitioners have vested in them a number of charities for the upkeep of the said Juma Masjid and for the benefit of the Sunni Mahomedan Community in general, and have authority under the said High Court Scheme to accept and administer any other charity for the benefit of the Sunni Mahomedan Community of Bombay, the administration of which may be committed to them. The charities at present so vested in your Petitioners are the following:—(1) The Juma Mosque of Bombay, (2) The Madrasa-i-Mahummadiya, (3) The Mahomedan Burial Ground at Sonapore Lane, (4) The Masaleh Oo'moor, (5) The Juma Masjid at Mahim.

3. That your Petitioners by virtue of their leading position in the Sunni Mahomedan Community of Bombay and of their status in that community represent the aims, sentiments and wishes of the said community in general.

4. That your Petitioners and the community they represent regard with great misgiving and alarm the legislation for the registration and regulation of charities which has been proposed by the Hon'ble Mr. Ibrahim Rahimtoola by the Bill he has recently introduced in the local Legislative Council.

5. That your Petitioners and the main section of the Mahomedan Community of Bombay, which they represent are honestly and firmly of opinion that the proposed legislation is not only unnecessary, but that the same will injuriously affect the best interests of the charities in whose behalf the legislation is proposed.

6. That no case at all has, your Petitioners submit, been made out by the Honourable promoter of the measure by any proved instances of mismanagement of charities proposed to be dealt with or other defects of omission or commission in the administration of existing charities.

7. That so far as any actual cases of mismanagement have been brought to light—and these have been extremely few and far between—the local High Court has supplied and is supplying ample and adequate protection, and the general public including not only Mahomedans, but Hindus, Parsis and other inhabitants, have been and are quite content with the administration of their charities without the interference of any public official organization such as is now proposed to be created.

8. That the Honourable mover of the said Bill, and those, if any, who may be in sympathy with the proposed measure, can your Petitioners are firmly of opinion, hardly have any distinct idea of the number and extent of the charities proposed to be dealt with. These, great and small, it may be safely affirmed number thousands. Nor can they have an adequate idea as to how they are being administered by the descendants and other members of the families of the founders and by other nominated trustees, without let or hindrance, and without any appreciable discontent on the part of those who are the objects of the relief intended by the founders. These foundations embrace a variety of relief, such as schools, libraries, medical dispensaries, the relief of the poor and the destitute in the way of distribution of food, clothing and other relief, and by far the greater number of these foundations are conducted and looked after by the descendants of the founders.

9. That Your Excellency in Council can, from the nature of the case, hardly have an adequate idea as to the sentiments of duty and reverence with which such foundations are regarded by the members of the Mahomedan and also other communities, and how religiously the aims and objects of the founders of the charities are carried out, which is the reason why so few instances of illegal diversion of the endowment funds are known or are brought to light, or so little is heard of defalcations or mismanagement.

10. That there are few wealthy, or even moderately well-to-do Mahomedan, Hindu, Parsi or Jewish gentlemen, who do not commemorate auspicious or other important occasions in their families, or who do not by their testamentary dispositions leave sums of money or other property for charitable purposes to be carried on by their descendants or remoter relatives or friends, and these charities are as a rule honestly conducted, the funds left being invested in public securities or remaining invested in rent-yielding properties or deposited in the principal local banks or with local mercantile firms for safe custody. The number of such charities is simply enormous, and is constantly on the increase; yet no serious difficulties or disputes in regard to them have been in evidence; and your Petitioners believe that if Government are spared the necessity of any Poor Law and the administration of it in this country, it is in great part owing to the existence of the private charities of its people.

11. That the Honourable Member who has introduced the Bill in the Local Council has himself foreseen the difficulty of including within the scope of the measure religious as opposed to non-religious charities. But the considerations of inconvenience or danger, which, no doubt, have led him to exclude all religious endowments, are also and in the main those which would apply to so-called secular charities also. To the minds of the native population of this country, partition between the religious and the secular is much thinner than it is to Europeans, so much so that in the case of Mahomedans even their purely family endowments are in their eyes clothed with the sanctity of their religion, and so jealous they are of every outside interference with what they choose to dispose of in the way of charity that they at times expressly provide by the instrument creating the trust that there shall be no questions asked and no accounts taken from their descendants managing the trusts. Indeed according to Mahomedan Law, there is no distinction between religious and secular charities, and all Wakfs, that is, trusts created for the family of the settler or for charitable purposes of any kind, are all religious and therefore legally valid. The evolution and well-being of the family is regarded by the Mahomedan, as by other leading Faiths, as a potent means of elevating mankind in spirituality by keeping off and neutralizing the powers inimical to well-ordered social life, and hence it is that all Wakfs, even of the nature of a family settlement, are regarded by them as possessing religious efficacy.

12. That to require charities to be registered in a public official department to be created for the purpose, to hold an inquisition of the nature abovementioned, to require official audit of the accounts of a charity under prescribed pains and penalties in case of omissions, cannot fail, your Petitioners submit, to lead to much arbitrary and oppressive interference with the natural rights of those to whom the administration of the charities may be entrusted by or according to the wishes and intentions of the founders.

13. As above stated all Mahomedan charities are religious and as regards other communities most of the charities existing amongst them are neither of a purely religious nor of a purely secular nature, but are partly the one and partly the other, and are of such a mixed nature that it would be difficult, if not impossible, to separate the one from the other for the purposes of the proposed legislation, and any attempt at compulsory registration and regulation of the ostensibly secular charities of the non-Mahomedan communities cannot fail to intrench upon the religious or quasi-religious portions of the charities, and any inquisition by an Official department such as the proposed legislation would create would generally be regarded as an unwarrantable and dangerous interference with matters with which Official regulation ought to have nothing whatever to do.

14. That in regard to what has been above stated and urged as to the mixed nature of the majority of charities in this country, the Petitioners would instance the case of what amongst the Mahomedans is considered and regarded as the most sacred disposition one could make of his property, namely, the creation of which is known as "Wakf" trusts, that is to say, trusts of property, at times the entire property, of the founder for the maintenance of his family and descendants, coupled with religious observances, with ultimate devotion of the entire property to the service of God; and so keen is Mahomedan religious sentiment as to the religious meritoriousness of such family dispositions that, even what is known in law as the "rule against perpetuity" is sought to be excluded in its application to such dispositions, so much so that a recent ruling of the Lords of the Privy Council against such a contention is giving rise to a strenuous agitation, as Your Excellency may be aware, on the part of the leaders and Ulama of the Mahomedan Community in the Empire, to relieve perpetual family "Wakfs" from the rigour of the above decision. Your Petitioners in this connection intend shortly to submit to Your Excellency in Council Fatwas, that is, the expositions of Mahomedan law on this subject by learned Mahomedan jurists.

15. That it would be presumptuous on the part of your Petitioners to urge against the proposed measure the broad and general considerations to be borne in mind before undertaking legislation of any kind and particularly of a doubtful and hazardous nature, unless and until a clear case of urgency and indispensable necessity is established, and unless and until those who would be affected by it after due deliberation themselves express a desire for it, and, permit us to add, unless and until it is reasonably clear that the proposed legislation will not in the end create more difficulties than it was intended to solve. Your Petitioners honestly and sincerely believe that were this opinions of the several communities which constitute the population of this country ascertained by a commission of enquiry appointed for the purpose, or by means of aplebiscite, there would be only one answer elicited, and that is that no such legislation as proposed is at all necessary or advisable.

16. That your Petitioners with great submission and respect crave leave to urge a no less relevant consideration against any such legislation as is now proposed, namely, that if any new department be created, it will naturally try to justify its own existence, and if the audit of every charity is to be made by official auditors, the administration of the charites would, in a measure, be at the mercy of those officers, for it will be for them to decide what shall be state and manner of the accounts and whether they have been kept in a manner so as to satisfy them That this would also open the door to questionable dealings would not, your Petitioners respectfully submit, be an overstrained apprehension, having regard to the matter-of-fact character of most of the charity administrators, their want of advanced education, their lack of precision and the like, and would of necessity place them at a disadvantage in their differences with the officers appointed by Government.

17. That there is yet another consideration which your Petitioners respectfully submit ought not to be lost sight of in deciding whether the legislation proposed is advisable. As it is, the trustees, whether de jure or de facto, of charities assume the burden of their office gratuitously and without any reward other than sense of a moral and religious duty honestly discharged. It is an office involving no small trouble and risk, and it would serve very greatly to aggravate that trouble were that office to subject them, as it would if the projected legislation was passed, to still further trouble, with possibly a risk of more personal consequences. It is well known that outsiders are unwilling to undertake the office of trustees of charitable funds and hence it is that such trustees have necessarily to be appointed from amongst the descendants of the founders.

18. That your Petitioners are honestly of opinion as also are the leading members of the community they represent, that any such measure as is proposed, far from serving the interest of charities, would distinctly tend to discourage the creation of such charities, and this, your Petitioners beg leave to assure Your Excellency, is no mere matter of speculation, for as a fact, in three instances only recently brought to their notice, three native gentlemen intending to create a charity for the relief of the poor have, since the announcement of the proposed measure, been seriously thinking whether it would be worth their while to create the intended charities in view of the possibility of harassment which their descendants as trustees might be subjected to in case the proposed measure became law; and your Petitioners can honestly assure Your Excellency that they themselves would think twice before creating any charities which might subject them to the inconveniences they have ventured to point out in this petition.

19. That not a few of the charities known to this city have been created for the relief of what may be called genteel poverty—the reverse of fortune in the case of the members of once affluent families—and in such cases it is open expressly provided that no names of the recipients of the charity shall be disclosed. Such being the case, it may be well imagined in what a predicament the trustees of the charity would be placed with reference to the official audit of the accounts, and the inability or refusal of the trustees to consent to a disclosure in contravention of the wishes of the founder. This, be it observed, is only one instance of an awkward predicament the of result legislation like the one your Petitioners are now endeavouring to show as unnecessary, if not injurious.

20. That apart from the foregoing considerations on the merits of the question, your Petitioners would respectfully observe that if as assumed the proposed legislation is good and necessary for the Town and Presidency of Bombay, it must be held to be equally good and necessary for the whole Indian Empire, for there is no evidence of the existence of any special features of the problem, applicable to this Town and Presidency alone requiring provincial legislation, and therefore any legislation of the kind proposed ought to be or might well be undertaken by the Imperial rather than by a Local Legislature. In that case those likely to be affected by the measure would have the satisfaction of knowing that adequate inquiry, consideration and forethought have been taken and bestowed to ascertain the necessity or expediency of the measure. Your Petitioners are, however, firmly persuaded that no such measure would be undertaken by the Imperial Legislature unless and until its necessity is made out to its entire satisfaction.

21. Your Petitioners apprehend that it will be advanced by the mover of the Bill that the measure has not yet evoked any widespread agitation, but it would, we respectfully submit, be a mistake to suppose that this circumstance is evidence of any approval of the measure. Public mind is only now waking to the gravity of the issue and before long the voice of the nation is sure to be heard. In matters of these kinds mere inaction at the early stage of a proposal is only natural, and there would be no evidence of approval until the effect and bearing of a measure have been sufficiently studied and the considerations for and against the measure have had time to crystallise.

22. Your Petitioners wish to add that they have in this petition confined themselves to general considerations affecting the proposed measure, and have purposely refrained from considering in detail the provisions of the Bill as drafted, as to which provisions, if and when necessary, they will have serious objections to urge. But as one instance of a provision of the Bill which would create needless difficulties and entail needless expenses on charities, your Petitioners would crave leave to refer to the provisions of the Bill requiring auditing of charity accounts by an official auditor. In the case of the Juma Masjid charities the said High Court Scheme makes up ample and adequate provision for auditing and publication of account, and not only so, but it vests in the Kokni Jamat the right of appointing the auditors from time to time. This is a right justly cherished by the community; and the proposed legislation would therefore in the case of the Juma Musjid, and other charities similarly circumstanced, be in this respect and merely uncalled for, but would do more harm than good.

23. In conclusion, your Petitioners crave leave to sum up their position in regard to the proposed legislation by the homely adage "Let well alone," and to urge that having regard to all that your Petitioners have ventured to urge, and also to such further and other considerations which may occur to Your Excellency in Council. You will disallow the proposed legislation.

HOLI FESTIVAL AT PESHAWAR.

No Disturbances this Year.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, MARCH 15.

The "Civil and Military Gazette" understands that, despite the intrigues to prevent the Hindus at Peshawar from celebrating the Holi Festival this year processions have gone out every night since the 11th instant and the festival has been held with the customary enthusiasm. Elaborate precautions were taken by the authorities to prevent the recurrence of the unfortunate disturbance of last year. The success of these efforts has re-established a feeling of confidence, and it has been demonstrated that the two great festivals of Holi and Barawafat can be held simultaneously in Peshawar without untoward incidents.

BOMBAY UNIVERSITY AND COMMERCIAL EDUCATION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—In a previous contribution, I tried to make out a case in favour of assigning a degree and a seat of learning to commerce and industry in the Bombay University as well as in all sister Universities. In Manchester, as declared in their annual report by the Chamber of Commerce there, the Faculty was founded in 1903; and the utility of it being properly put to a test during the past half a dozen years, it has now been adopted as a proved fact that the experiment is a bright success in more ways than one. It has been remarked: "The number of class entries amount to nearly seven hundred; the number of students reading for the degree of Bachelor of Commerce has risen steadily session by session; in addition, many students are attending selected courses of lectures." "In this way," it goes on to state, "the Faculty provides schools for bankers, accountants, commercial lawyers, railway men and others, and it has the distinction of possessing a Professorship of Chinese and of offering valuable travelling scholarships for post-graduate work bearing on commerce and industry."

In trying to promote, moreover the liberal cause of commercial education, it cannot be deemed strange, if some funds are needed to be devoted to the same. Herein, too, we have a model of the spirit of generosity before us for the purpose of imitation. For, in Manchester, "part of the expense is borne by the University out of its general revenue," and for any deficit as at present it has been actually created "the Faculty," adds the report alluded to above, "will not look in vain to the business men of Manchester and Lancashire, and to those great commercial, financial and industrial corporations whose future prosperity depends upon the supply of men of highly trained intelligence available for their service and direction."

Now, we can expect the University to co-operate with the public, when some pioneers of commercial education in the persons of teachers, lecturers as well as rich merchants stand forth to encourage it in some practical shape, such as endowing scholarships or bearing a definite part of the expense of founding and maintaining the Faculty in the Alma Mater. In Bombay there are two or three working associations and two well-known Chambers wherein a well sustained interest is evinced by many of the members thereof. And any work that will be done under the auspices of the Chambers here will be a well-noted recognition that will lend encouragement to the student and the world of commerce too. The present, moreover, is not an attempt to sing "Wake up" in order to maintain commercial stability in a highly advanced state. It has been actually maintained to a certain extent by walking in the footsteps of our rulers. Commercial education has to serve a double useful purpose, viz., of qualifying young men and women for the ordinary battle of life and also to compete on as much level footing as possible with those of other nations in gaining a livelihood in our place. But a sure and steady step is taken in this direction, only when there is a mark of approval, a sign of recognition for ordinary merits and rare abilities by the authorities of education.

What is the life of ordinary youths here? In the first place of doing some labour or other for maintaining themselves, be they men or women. If done in a satisfactory way, their usefulness as active citizens can be ensured on a certain scale and in a certain measure. And secondly, what is the condition of an average young man before entering life? He is made to start life equipped with either no knowledge of the practical world or with very little to boast of. Practice might make perfect the ordinary type of knowledge we obtain, after a few years, in some cases. Commercial education, however, will endow many or without any fear of contradiction, I might say, most, recipients with a knowledge as well as other requirements that are necessary for the purpore of making headway with success in the commercial world; and the present world, taken wholly is, more or less, enveloped by the commercial and industrial influences. Elsewhere, it has been remarked in respect of such a question, that:—"Education was one the best education, practical education, real education in the making of character and national character, technical education to take care that they knew the best means of producing the best goods, and commercial education, so that, when they had made those goods to sell them, they had the best means and methods, and their machinery, or their distribution throughout the world."—Yours, etc.,

S. S. MEHTA.

DEPARTURES.

Per s.s. "Massilia," March 16.

The Anchor Line s.s. "Massilia" will sail from No. 2 shed, Victoria Dock to-night with the following passengers. Medical inspection at 6-15 p. m. sharp.

TO MARSEILLES.

Walton, Miss N R
Hill, Miss K L

TO LONDON.

Bennatyne, Capt P C
Brent, Mr C L
Cruddas, Maj R W
Cruddas, Mrs
Clerk, Mr R H
Cumming, Mrs
Dangerfield, Mrs L
Fitzpatrick, Miss
Fitzpatrick, Master P
Forbes, Mr J H
Huggins, Miss
Hutton, C H
Harcourt, Capt J S M
Kendall, Mr A
Koogh, Maj J B
Parsons, Mr C W
Russell, Capt W K
Rocke, Capt C
Stockwell, Miss
Stockwell, Master and Nurse
Skeen, Capt O St J
Stewart Maj A F
Trueman, Capt M J
Wimberley, Maj C A
Wimberley, Mrs and child

TO LIVERPOOL

Brown, Mr R
Gribben, Lt M C
Goodfellow, Miss B
Iles, Miss
Jandwine, Mrs and infant
Murray, Miss K
Paton, Mr Nigel P
Paton, Mrs and infant
Preston. Mr J P
Preston, Mrs & 2 children
McCuskey, Rev F B
McCuskey, Mrs 2 children and 2 infants
Stuart, Mrs L and child
Stuart, Miss
Stuart, Master
Simpson Rev E W
Simpson, Mrs child and infant

MR. RUDYARD KIPLING and his family have arrived at Vernet-les-Bains for a prolonged stay.

TORTURED DAY AND NIGHT BY ITCHING

And Burning. Sore Places on Baby's Cheeks, Hips, Spine and in Bend of Arms and Knees. Could Hardly Walk. Was Ill for Want of Rest.

Got Cuticura Remedies and Now has Not the Least Sign of Eczema.

"My son when two years old had eczema very badly. He had great sore places on the edges of his bones, the lobe of each ear had a great split, the sores extending over the jawbone on to the cheek, and on the cheek bones against the eyes were some more sores, making him look ghastly. He had a large sore on each lip and all up his spine, and in the bend of his arms and knees. The latter were so bad that the child could hardly walk. Whenever the child scratched himself, some watery matter would come from the places like great drops of perspiration. He was tortured day and night with the awful burning and itching sensations. I had tried several remedies, and then I went to the doctor but the stuff I had from him made not the slightest impression. The child was getting quite ill for the want of proper rest.

"I gave up going to the doctor, as a friend, a nurse, gave me some Cuticura Ointment to try and see if it would relieve my boy. I used it for a week, and by that time the places were looking decidedly less angry, and were not nearly so irritable. I got some Cuticura Ointment and Soap, and persevered with them. He was in such a state I could not make a tin of Ointment last ten days. I used to smear the places over two or three times a day. The eczema kept coming back, but as soon as it showed I used Cuticura Ointment. The boy is now thirteen, and not the least sign of eczema." (Signed) Mrs. A. Oliver, The Gardens, Egerton House, Egerton, near Ashford, Kent, Eng., May 11, 1910.

Cuticura Remedies afford the most economical treatment for skin diseases. Sold throughout the world. London Depot, 27, Charterhouse Square.

SPORTING NEWS.

CALCUTTA RACES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 15.

The Calcutta Tenth Extra Meeting of the racing proved very interesting, but unfavourable to the backers. Details:—

FIRST AMATEUR HANDICAP.—1 mile.

Mr Roland's Lasso, 9st 9lbs.....Evers 1
Mr Pugh's Frank, 9st.....Beaumont 2
Lady Jenkins' Lefterin, 10st 13lbs.....Mr Bletsoe 3
Mr Pugh's Tokalon, 10st 11lbs.....Owner 4

Won by a short head; 1 length between second and third. Time—1min. 48 1-4secs.

ALSO RAN:—Hunman, 9st 8lbs.

THE FAREWELL PLATE, DIVISION.—2, 6 furlongs.

Mr Norton's Fadgie, 7st 3lbs.....Davis 1
Mr Galstaun's Wild Boy, 9st 3lbs.....McNeilage 2
Mr Lauder's Warrure, 10st 7lbs.....Thoburn 3
Mr Pall's Sangleton, 9st 8st.....Mr Dudley 4

Won by 1 1-4 lengths; 1 length between second and third. Time—1min 17 1-4secs.

ALSO RAN:—Sea Lad 8st 12lbs, Runaway Girl 8st 6lbs, John Wesley 7st 2lbs, Down land 8st 2lbs, and Dunsinane 6st 11lbs.

THE PONY CONSOLATION WELTER HANDICAP.—5 furlongs.

Mr Galstaun's Lady Anne, 10st 2lbs.....McNeilage 1
Col Wilson's Miss Clare 10st 7lbs.....Firth 2
Mr Smith's J E A, 7st 10lbs.....Thoburn 3
Mr. Scott's Wal, 8st.....Beaumont 4

Won by 1 1-2 lengths; 1 length between second and third. Time—1min 5 1-5secs.

ALSO RAN:—Murmur 9st 9lbs, Bandy Leg 8st 5lbs, Albatross 7st 8lbs, and Kathalsen 7st 7lbs.

THE FAREWELL PLATE DIVISION.—6 furlongs:—

Mr Holme's Hacklers Bloom 9st 11bs.....Thoburn 1
Mr Leek's Tana 9st 6lbs.....Davis 2
Mr Marshall's Hughie 8st 12lbs.....Firth 3

Won by a short head, 1 length between second and third. Time—1min 16 1-2secs.

ALSO RAN:—True Love 9st 12lbs, Pressy 8st 9lbs, and Rupert 8st 4lbs.

SECOND AMATEUR HANDICAP.—6 furlongs:—

Mr Galstaun's Convent Girl, 12st.....Mr Bletsoe 1
Capt Gourlie's Lah 10st.....Mr Perkins 2
Mr Butler's Levi 10st 7lbs.....Firth 3

Won by 1 1-4 lengths; half a length between second and third. Time—1min. 20 1-4secs.

ALSO RAN:—Yum Yum 11st 12lbs; Jaffar Girl 10st 6lbs; Allah Akbar 10st; Loyalty 9st 13lbs; and Comet 8st 13lbs.

THE SPRINTERS CONSOLATION PLATE. Distance—Five furlongs.

Mr Barring's Morsel, 8st 11b.....Davies 1
Mr. McGeorge's Delvie's Limit, 7st 9lbs...Thoburn 2
Mr Deakin's Royal Colours, 10st 8lbs.....Firth 3

Won by 1-2 length; 1 length between second and third. Time—1min. 3 1-4secs.

ALSO RAN:—Foudrette 10st 13lbs; Blix 6st 12lbs; Mulison 6st 7lbs; and Ronitta 6st 12lbs.

LONG DISTANCE CONSOLATON PLATE. Distance—1 1-2 miles.

Mr Marshall's Kipplin 9st.....Beaumont 1
Mr Galstaun's Misty Morn, 10st 7lbs...Thoburn 2
Mr Marshall's Craigendories. 9st 10lbs.....Firth 3

Won by 1-2 length; 1 1-2 lengths between second and third. Time—2min. 42secs.

ALSO RAN:—True Love 10st 6lbs; and Foy 8st 13lbs.

BILLIARDS.

The Bombay Amateur Championship Final.

On Tuesday night the final of the Bombay Presidency Amateur Championship of billiards between Messrs. Hallam (holder) and Young came off at Pyrke's Saloon, when the doors had to be closed owing to the room being packed—thus excluding many enthusiasts. These were, however, only deprived of a game which fell much below expectations on such an occasion. Except during the first few minutes, the challenger never looked like being very dangerous and all through there was a lack of big individual efforts, owing to the persistency with which the balls ran unkindly for both. Hallam nevertheless came out with a very fair average and scored double figure breaks with some consistency, playing a careful game and giving away as little as possible in the matter of leaves. Young could never get going in anything like his best form and we saw nothing of that ability to pick up at the end of the game, which was anxiously looked for by his admirers. An incident which occurred just before entering upon the last century may have had an upsetting effect, and it is certain that an essence of carelessness entered into his play. He was well placed with the red conveniently near the middle pocket, but on bringing off a hazard had a foul claimed against him for spotting outside the D. The umpire was found in an awkward position, as such an appeal was not only unlooked for but his position at the spot end scarcely allowed of his being able to judge accurately. Anyhow, he decided against Young and, the balls being spotted, he lost the hand. It was an unfortunate and disconcerting incident, which might easily have been evaded by an appeal before the stroke was made as Hallam then was almost sufficiently in front to be safe.

They both opened very stickily, Young taking the lead at 65—36, but this was the last he saw of it, as Hallam then ran up a well manœuvred 40. Another item of 11 took him to the century, 23 in front. A quiet period followed, but subsequently each scored on successive visits, Hallam's 27 being replied to by a 22. Respective items of 17 and 12 led up to a very useful sequence by Hallam of 10, 11, 13, 15, 11, 7 and 27 with Young sandwiching in a 24. This took Hallam to his interval points, 253 to 178.

More scratchy play introduced the second stage which Hallam opened with a 16 and after 14 Young lost two great chances of big breaks. Hallam then bringing the white cleverly into play ran up a good all-round 37, breaking down at an easy pot and reached the fourth hundred 110 to the good. Young at this juncture played best, putting up 27 and 23 to which Hallam however added 12 and 21. There seemed to be every chance that a fight would be made of it, but the incident already referred to occurred here, and thence onwards Young never got going at all—partly due to the safe methods adopted by his opponent. Hallam pegged away with 20, 19, and 14 in succession, and finally ran out with a ten unfinished, final scores being:—

Mr. Hallam..... 500
Mr. Young..... 356

Mr. Hallam is consequently Amateur Champion for the second successive year, Mr. Young being runner-up on each occasion.

POONA BOXING TOURNAMENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, MARCH 14.

The second night of the Poona Boxing Tournament to-night, saw Private Stickland, 14th Hussars, knock out Pte. Mahoney, Dublin Fusiliers, in the first round of welter weights. In first round of feather weights, Pte. McCann, Dublins, knocked out Pte. Salter, Dorsets. In the third round Pte. Lyons, 14th Hussars, beat Sergt. Danniels, Dorsets, on points after a somewhat poor display. The contest between Pte. Moreton, Warwicks, and Pte Grimes, North Lancs. ended in the former knocking out just before the bout closed. The able seaman Smith of H. M. S. "Hyacinth" met and defeated Corpl. Burns, 14th Hussars, on points after a fine display. In the Novices' light weights, Pte. Plenty, Dorsets, knocked out Pte. Walton, Lincolns, and Pte. Griffin, Lincolns, beating Pte. Quinn, Lancs., the latter giving in after full contest. In the heavy weights for boys, Boy Mendies, Poona Vols. threw up the sponge in the second round against Boy Chisholm, Poona Vols. Boy Wyse, Poona Vols., beat boy Heath, North Lancs., after the contest lasting the full number of rounds.

In heavy weights, Corpl Harvey, H. M. S "Hyacinth" beat Gunner Wilson, B. V. A., after a very even contest. Gunner Somerville R. F. A., beat Pte. Langhoe, North Lancs, on points.

HIGH COURT.—MARCH 16.

(Before the HON. CHIEF JUSTICE and the HON. MR. JUSTICE BATCHELOR.)

Appeals for Hearing and Final Disposal.

976-09 Bhaishankar K and G, Wishwanath Prabhuram Vaidya B vs Muiraj Khatao Madhowji K and G
2-09 Payne and Co, Ramchandra Shivdas vs Gungalissen Jaideo and another J R Patell and Co.
1071-09 Jamshedji R and D Abdool Hussin Moosaji Poonawala vs Shapurji Cooverji Mistri, Mulla and M
397-09 J R Patell and Co, J F Karaka and Co vs James John Gallantine Smetham B & Co.
522-10 Mirza M and M, Lathia Bapat Singhji Balabhai vs Mohantar Poonjabhai Kapadia, Motichand and Co
606-08 Jehangir M and S, Ganjsram Vinayak vs Waman Shamrao and another, Shamrao M and H
17-09 Shroff D and D Sorabji Ardeshir Wachagandy vs Bapuji Nasserwanji Watchagandy and another, Wadia G and Co.

(Before the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE RUSSELL.)

After the Insolvency Court is Over.

To Speak to the Minutes of Decree.

649-10 Payne and Co Haji Gulam Mahomed Azam vs Curseondas Natha Nanu H and Co

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

1025-09 Mulla and M Ramabai widow vs Dewkabai widow and another Hiralal and Co
482-10 Mirza & M, Gulam Hussin Hasham and others vs Mahomed Hussein Cassam Nanji and others, Madhowji K and C. For postponement.
402-09 J R Patell and Co, Alois Schweiger and Co vs Joosub Hoosein Abdulla and others, Payne and Co
750-10 Daphtary F and D, George Cargall Gillespie vs Jane Gillespie and another, In person.
1081-08 Crawford B and Co, Standard Oil Co. of New York vs Babaji Amond Tendulkar and others, In person, Nanu H and Co
1143-09 Shroff D and D, Purshotam Gopaldas vs Sunderdas Gopaldas and another, Madhowji K and C
1013-08 Malvi H M and K, Kanayalal Hiralal and others vs Surajprasad Ramnarayen and another, Hiralal and Co, settled
1174-09 Chitnis M and K, Anaji Laxman Sakharkar vs Narotamdas Anandji Mansukhlal, J H and Co
37-10 Craigie B and Co, The Bank of India vs The Tejmomdas Mills Co. Payne and Co, Bhaishanker K and G
732-09 Jehangir G and B, R D Sethna, Lookmanji Ismailji and others, Thakurdas and Co
1046-09 In person, Sayed Mahbook Alikhan vs Syed Sardar Alikhan and others
1119-09 Raghavaya B and K, Mangalore Ramrao vs Kikabai Premchand and others, Edgelow G W and Co
1161-09 Raghavaya B and N, The Ahmedabad New Edward Mfg Co vs Soojanmal Sooganmal, Pestonji E K & Co
16-10 Wadia G and Co, E D Sassoon and Co vs Sidick Haji Hoosein, Edgelow, G W & Co
958-09 Madhowji K and C, Bala alias Rama Kamlia vs Gopal Nagoo Patel and others, In person, Madhowji K and C, Mirza M & M

(Before the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE DAVAR.)

For

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, MARCH 15.

The unsettled conditions over Northern India are gradually passing away, but the disturbance in Persia has again intensified and is affecting the weather in Baluchistan, and Sind.

The rainfall has been nearly general in the Sub-montane and Punjab, fairly general in South-West Bengal and the United Provinces and Central India East, while a few falls have occurred in Assam, Baluchistan, South-East Rajputana and the East of the Central Provinces.

The forecast shows fairly general rain in the North-West Frontier Provinces, Baluchistan and Sind and local rain in Dalta & Bengal, the West Punjab, the West of Rajputana and Gujarat. A few falls are also likely in Northern Burma and Assam.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 15TH MARCH.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Wednesday, the 15th March, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab—Rawalpindi records 0·25" of rain. Skies are clear in the east Punjab and moderately to heavily clouded elsewhere. Humidity is in excess. Temperature is lower than usual.

The United Provinces—Rainfall has been nearly general except in the extreme western districts; Allahabad has had 0·51", Cawnpore 0·18" and Mainpuri 0·17". Skies are clear. The air is damper than usual. Both day and night temperatures are in defect.

Sind and Rajputana.—Karachi records 0·61" of rain and Kotah 0.15" Skies are heavily clouded in lower Sind and lightly clouded elsewhere. Humidity is in excess. Temperature is generally in defect.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—[illegible] are lightly to moderately clouded. The air [illegible]s the average amount of moisture round the [illegible]f Cambay and is damper than usual else- Temperature is generally in defect both the day and at night.

Central Provinces.—Skies are clear. Humi- normal or in excess. Maximum temperature slightly but is still in defect; the minimum er than usual over the whole division.

[illegible]kar.—Skies are moderately clouded at d clear elsewhere. The air is drier than [illegible]perature is slightly below normal at nd at other stations; the deficiency between 6° to 9° F. at night.

[illegible]y Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are [illegible]ty is normal or in defect. Both maxi- imum temperature are below normal xtreme southern districts.

[illegible]marks.—Fairly general rain has fallen Provinces and local rain in the north Rajputana and lower Sind. Skies [illegible]ly to heavily clouded in the west- Punjab but have cleared in the [illegible]al Provinces and the east Punjab. ppeared in lower Sind, Cutch and light to moderate cloud over the [illegible]nd Kathiawar. Conditions are in Sind, Gujarat and Kathiawar. ow normal over the reporting area of the south Peninsula.

[illegible]ly in Sind and the adjacent Kathiawar and isolated and Rajputana. A few the Madras Deccan

[illegible]READING.

[illegible]e Colaba Ob- reduced to m. (local [illegible]. The [illegible]e also The [illegible]de

[illegible]yards matches [illegible]e) [illegible]mpetition, [illegible]ge Cup [illegible]nge Cup [illegible]nge Cup

[illegible]be held on the Oval on [illegible]t 6-30 p.m. until farther [illegible]ecruists and members requiring [illegible]ency and also at Head-Quarters on [illegible]ays and Saturdays at 6-30 p.m.

230. Miniature Range—During the Rifle Meeting the Miniature Range at Head-Quarters will be closed.

231. Musketry.—It is notified for information that the Class Firing must be completed by the 26th instant.

B V R Range will be open for this purpose on Tuesday 21st, Thursday 23rd and Sunday 26th instant, by train leaving Victoria Terminus at 6 a.m. Members who have not yet completed their class firing must do so on the above dates.

Rifle Club.—Matches Nos. 17 and 18 will close on Saturday 25th instant. Ranges will be available for Rifle Club matches on Wednesday 22nd instant, by train leaving Victoria Terminus at 6 a.m. and Saturday 25th instant, by trains leaving Victoria Terminus at 12-45 and 1-50 p.m. All members who have not yet fired matches 17 and 18 must do so on the above dates.

Miniature Range.—Matches 9 and 10 will close on Saturday 25th instant. The Miniature Range at Head-Quarters will be open on Tuesday 21st and Thursday 23rd instant, from 5 to 7 p.m. and Saturday 25th instant, from 9 to 12 noon.

A. L. CARTWRIGHT, Capt.,
Adjt. B. V. R.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR J. W. HAWES, V. D., COMMANDING.

Bombay, 15th March.

126. Parades No. 1 and 2 companies—Gun Instructional Parades will be held at the Saluting Battery, Apollo Bunder at 9-15 p.m. on Thursday the 16th March.

Members requiring drills for efficiency should attend these parades.

Dress—Plain Clothes.

127. R G A Practice—The R G A will carry out practice from Colaba South on Thursday 16th March, Commencing at 10 a.m.

Dress—Khaki and helmets.

129. Musketry—Class firing will take place at the British Infantry Rifle Range at Colaba on Saturday next 18th instant. To Commence at 4-30 p.m.

Dress—Plain Clothes.

130. Rifle Meeting—The Annual Rifle meeting will be continued at Colaba on Sunday 19th instant.

Firing to Commence at 8 a.m.

Dress.—Plain Clothes.

E. P. CUDLIP, Capt. R. A.,
Adjt. B. V. A.

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BY THE WAY.

NEW HULSEAN LECTURER AT CAMBRIDGE.

The newly elected Hulsean Lecturer at Cambridge is an interesting personality to London Churchmen, being the Rev. Reginald Fletcher, who, six years ago, succeeded the late Dr. Thompson as Preacher of Gray's Inn. Mr. Fletcher graduated with high honours from Peterhouse, and has already been Select Preacher at Cambridge. Outside theological circles, he has earned the gratitude of historians and antiquaries by his publication of the "Pension Book of Gray's Inn." The Hulsean Lecture is the Cambridge analogue of the Bampton Lecture at Oxford, and was endowed with part of the benefaction of Mr. John Hulse, who grimly stipulated that the salary of any lecturer who did not perform the duties properly should be divided among the six Senior Fellows of St. John's College.

MR. GINNELL.

A few years ago Mr. Gisnall, M.P., who was suspended by the House of Commons was one of the most diligent students in the big round reading-room of the British Museum. His studies were directed to the early Brehon laws of Ireland, and they have borne fruit in an erudite treatise on that subject. After the publication of this volume he became private secretary to Mr. John Dillon, M.P., and it was largely through Mr. Dillon, influence that he first became an accepted Parliamentary candidate.

THE DEAN OF ST. PAUL'S.

The resignation of Dr. Gregory, the venerable, Dean of St. Paul's, who recently entered his ninety-third year, will cause no surprise. Ordained deacon in 1843, and priest in the following year, by the Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol, he soon made his way, and in the early fifties he was carrying on a vigorous work as vicar of St. Mary-the-Less, Lambeth, a position he occupied for twenty years. On December 21, 1869, he was appointed to a canonry in St. Paul's and in 1891 he succeeded Dr. Church in the deanery. With Canon Liddon and Dean Church he had a great share in populising the services at St. Paul's. The Dean's figure has long been familiar in the City streets, and it is quite a common thing to see him crossing the road to the Cathedral from the deanery leaning on the arm of a burly constable.

SLOVENLY SERVICES.

At the time of the Dean's appointment to St. Paul's the services there, he once said, had reached their "worst pitch." The choir frequently consisted of four or five men and about the same number of boys, the congregation had nearly reached vanishing point, and the services were held in the chancel, which was then shut off from the rest of the Cathedral. The services were conducted in a very slovenly manner, rubrics were disregarded, and everything pointed to neglect. Any attempt at reducing things to order was frowned upon by those in authority, and no encouragement was given to any kind of reform. "Leave it alone," was the order of the day, but Dean Gregory could not stand that, and he set about inaugurating reforms.

THE BEGINNING OF REFORM.

His first task was with the choir. It was the custom then for the Dean and Canons to meet the choir at the entrance to the chancel at divine service, and to part from them there at the close. Dean Gregory did not like that, so he followed the men and boys into the choir vestry and gave them a short address upon their duties at divine worship and the spirit of reverence. The unusual sight of a canon giving an address to the choir attracted a number of sight-seers, and later in the day the Dean saw in large characters on the placard of an evening paper, "Extraordinary proceedings at St. Paul's," and upon buying a copy of the paper he found his address given verbatim. A great fuss was made, but from that day reform began, and, as everybody knows, matters in the great Cathedral have long been very different from what they used to be.

HURDLES IN THE NAVE.

At one time people never came in large numbers to the services proper in St. Paul's. The dome and nave were simply vast open spaces used by visitors who came to gaze upon the building and its monuments and by idlers and those who sought to kill time. In those days there was a verger who was quite a character. He disliked people standing in the centre gazing so he had an erection of hurdles put up as a barrier. Seeing this on several occasions Dean Gregory felt annoyed, and one day he asked the verger, if he was getting ready for the cattle show, and whether it was to be an exhibit of sheep or pigs. The verger was nettled, and told the Dean that he was simply obeying orders, but that if he wished it he would have the hurdles removed. Shortly afterwards the hurdles disappeared, and were seen no more.

HOW THE WOULD-BE M.P. WAS CURED.

A good story of the General Election is going the rounds. It is told on the authority of one who was present when the incident occurred. In illustration of his great devotion to truth the would-be M.P. stated at one of his meetings that he underwent a severe thrashing when a boy for telling the truth. Imagine the sickly feeling which came over him when a gruff voice called out from the centre of the audience, "I guess it's cured yer, guv'nor!"

AN OBSERVATORY'S BEAUTIFUL GARDEN.

The men and women of science at the Melbourne Observatory have had their lines cast in a pleasant place. This is how the "Herald" of that city describes the immediate surroundings of the buildings:—The observatory is set in the midst of a pleasant garden, such a garden as a man might care to dream in when the twilight is falling upon his life. A garden for the idler, the poet, and the dreamer of dreams, with ordered path, trim borders, and a little of wilderness here and there. Blossoms everywhere in this garden, pink petals of the oleander, the scarlet of geraniums, and purple and lilac clusters among the green of leaves. . . It is a place apart, this garden, a haunt of peace and liquid silence broken only by the singing of birds. It must indeed be a good thing to be on the Melbourne Observatory staff.

THE DUPLEX SHAKESPEARE.

The following extract from the "Yorkshire Post" although it may not convert the Baconians, throws such a flood of light on the discrepancy existing between the life of Shakespeare and his works that it seems worth preserving, especially by readers not destitute of a sense of humour: An interesting lecture on Shakespeare was given at Leads, by Miss Morden Grey. Dividing her lecture into two parts—Shakespeare, the man, and Shakespeare the genius—Miss Grey contrasted the absolute distinction between the two. As a man, Shakespeare was a cute man of business successful, and, upon retiring he bought property. She was of opinion that he was totally unaware of his own great genius, which ran from him as nectar might run from an unpolished vessel. The work of almost every other poet were in themselves a revelation of the writer but this was not so in the case of Shakespeare. A hasty summary of his life showed it to be most unpoetical and delightfully commonplace. The picture of the poet as an "unpolished vessel" from which his "genius" ran like nectar, is surely decidedly novel.

JEFF DAVIS'S SENSITIVENESS.

Jefferson Davis shrank from the sight of every form of suffering, even in imagination. When "The Babes in the Wood" was first read to him, a grown man, in time of illness, he would not endure the horror of it. His sympathy with the oppressed was also almost abnormal, "so that," says Mrs. Davis, "it was a difficult matter to keep order with children and servants." All this shows that he was a nervous sensitive. He suffered always from nervous dyspepsia and neuralgia; and "came home from his office fasting, a mere mass of throbbing nerves and perfectly exhausted." He was "abnormally sensitive to disapproval. Even a child's disapproval discomposed him." Mrs. Davis admits that this sensitiveness and acute feeling of being misjudged made him "touchy" as to his dignity, and there are stories of his cherishing a grudge for some insignificant or imagined slight.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair turning grey or white, or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it "will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair" its original colours, without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots, where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemists for "THE MEXICAN HAIR RENEWER," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere. Wholesale depot, 33, Farringdon Road, London, England.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

FASHIONS IN PARIS.

The only question, the burning question, is "Will the 'jupe culotte' be worn by the woman of good standing?" Most people say No; the dressmakers say Yes—at least those who have a great many models of it do. Also, at very public function, such as the race-meetings at Auteuil, the skating rinks, the new plays at the theatres, this skirt is to be seen. At the Comedie Francaise, for the new play by M. Bernstein, one of the actresses wore the harem-skirt for the Repetition Generale, but was asked not to do so again; and although a very well-known woman in Society appeared in one of the most beautiful models at a small dinner-party, writes a Paris correspondent, and had a great success, it does not seem to me that the fashion is growing in favour with the better-class people.

SOME ADAPTATIONS OF THE "CULOTTE."

The only possible solution to the problem seems to be clever adaptations of the existing models, and already there are a good many of these in the making. Take for instance a dress of black and white striped taffetas and put over it a Princess Charlotte coat of black etamine with wide soft revers of black satin and striped white and black satin, the two materials being divided on the revers by a row of steel or silver buttons either large or small, according to taste. The striped dress will be split up the front to show a dainty inlet of black satin which is finely kilted and thus the "culotte" is merely suggested. The guimpe of the dress should be in white net, with tiny bows of black satin and a cherry-coloured cravat; the sleeves should have the same note of trimming, and they should be three-quarter, the undersleeve being striped the upper one of black etamine.

THE IDEAL AFTERNOON GOWN.

I can think of nothing more charming for an afternoon dress proceeds the correspondent, than a model I saw at Bear's the other day. The underdress was in beige Liberty, tight-fitting to the figure and narrow in the skirt, and it was veiled with a full overdress of navy blue "voile de soie," which was embroidered round the feet with lovely rich tones of Persian red silks; the corsage was embroidered in the same silks in the form of a bolero shaped like butterfly wings, and in colours as beautiful; the middle of the back showed a dull gold buckle, and the "guimpe," with no collar, was of plain blue chiffon, the sleeves being of the same material and reaching soft and plain to the elbow. Many of the afternoon dresses showed the full overdress from the high waist-line, and the effect is most graceful over the very clinging underdress. It is of the greatest importance that his underdress should be very clinging and without any fulness in the skirt, because otherwise the entire dress would look heavy and the silhouette would lose its fineness. It is quite easy to work our lovely schemes of colour in simple gowns of this kind and at really very small expense. Imagine what could be done with peacock blues, rose-petal pinks, golden browns or even in different shades of white and cream. Many of us do not realise how very varied white and cream can be; but this year, with all the beautiful laes that is to be worn, we shall come to a full knowledge of their possibilities. I can see a tight old-cream Liberty, veiled with an entire dress of lace made up of many kinds; for there is the joy—all kinds of lace "may" be worn together and no one will say the effect is that of a patchwork quilt.

TRIMMINGS.

Buttons are still being used in quantities, but either they are very small and placed very closely together so as to look more like a bit of button passementerie, or they are large and of rare material, such as cornelian, jade, lapis lazuli, real old paste, bronze, or silver. In fact, it is better to have no buttons at all unless one can have them very good or unless one is satisfied to have them simply covered by the stuff of the gown. By the way, though, a blue dress trimmed with buttons of cherry-coloured foulard spotted white looks very well indeed, and a striped black and white dress trimmed with plain black Liberty-covered buttons looks well also. Another simple dress at Bear's was in black Liberty, with the favourite deep yoke of dull blue. Liberty trimmed with tiny black satin buttons in long lines which ran down the sleeves, and the effect was very good. Another trimming which is having a huge success for evening and restaurant dresses is the fine diamond beading which outlines the plain cross-way fichus so much in fashion, edges elbow sleeves, and trickles round a slender waist to fall eventually in two scintillating revers of light down the skirt at the side. Gold and silver lace have almost disappeared except to form capes on evening dresses, or occasionally to drape one shoulder whilst the other is veiled with soft thread lace or chiffon. Striped ribbon sashes will probably come into fashion for "lingerie" and foulard dresses, and their smartness is undeniable, but predominant is lace which may be applied, or used, as a veiling, be veiled, or be turned into a bolero or a Watteau train, or even into a butterfly bow sash, starting from the middle of the back.

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THE TWO SERVICES.

ADMIRAL MAY'S NEW COMMAND.

An "intelligent anticipation" of the appointment of Admiral Sir William H. May as Commander-in-Chief at Devonport, appeared in "The Globe" on November 29, so that the official announcement of this officer having been selected as Admiral Sir Wilmot Fawkes's successor has occasioned no surprise. In regard to age, there is no reason why Admiral May should not hold the appointment for the full term of three years, but other circumstances point to what is called a broken command. On March 4, 1912, Admiral of the Fleet, Sir Arthur Wilson will reach the age limit, and it is generally thought that his successor as First Sea Lord will be Sir William May. In that case he would only remain at Devonport a year, the situation corresponding to that of Sir. John Fisher, who was Commander-in-Chief at Portsmouth for twelve months only before becoming the Cabinet's principal naval adviser. Assuming it to be incorrect, however, that Sir William May is the prospective First Sea Lord—although there is nothing to support such an assumption—it is still improbable that this officer will complete the tenure of his new appointment, because in ordinary circumstances he will be promoted Admiral of the Fleet in March, 1913, on the retirement of Sir Charles Hotham, who will then have completed his 70th year. It remains to be seen, therefore, whether Admiral May will remain at Devonport for one-third or two-thirds of the normal period.

FOOD FOR THOUGHT.

The First Lord of the Admiralty has promised to explain in detail the circumstances upon which he based the calculation in March, 1909, that Germany would have nine completed "Dreadnoughts" in the autumn of 1910—a forecast which has been falsified by events. Mr. McKenna may be able to submit perfectly good defence, just as Mr. Balfour may be able to justify the faith that caused him to estimate two years ago that Germany's strength in completed "Dreadnoughts," having regard to the provision for accelerating construction, might be 13 in December, 1910, or even 17 by July, 1911, to our 14. What are the facts? To-day Germany has only five completed Dreadnoughts," to which four will be added during the coming summer. On the other hand, today, with the commissioning of the battle-cruiser "Indefatigable," 12 British "Dreadnoughts" will be flying the White Ensign. This twelve-to-five superiority will, however, soon commence to recede, and at the close of 1913, by which time the four-ship programme of 1910-11 will have materialised, Germany will possess 17 completed "Dreadnoughts" to our 25—minus one vessel which is to join the Eastern Fleet. Whatever the new British estimates make provision for in large armoured ships cannot affect the relative strength in British and German "Dreadnoughts" as it will exist at the end of 1913. To ensure a two-to-one standard in "capital ships" at that date we require another ten "Dreadnoughts." As, however, that is unthinkable, the more reasonable standard may be considered of measuring the relative strength in 12in. gun power by bringing in the eight "King Edwards," and the "Lord Nelson" and "Agamemnon," which mount collectively 40 pieces of this type, equivalent to four "Dreadnoughts" fitted with 12in. guns of the earlier mark. Even so, however, we should still be in a minority of six in the two-to-one basis. This outlook takes no account of the Triple Alliance, but confines the issue to Great Britain and the next strongest naval Power.

"MOTHER SHIP" AND "TRIPLETS."

In anticipation of the arrival of two submarines at Hong Kong to form the nucleus of the first overseas flotilla of this craft, the sloop "Rosario" has been refitted for service as parent ship. When the "Rosario" is shortly commissioned the whole of the eleven water-tube boilered sloops, the majority of which were placed on the subsidiary list a few years ago, will have been restored to the active list. When the "scrapping" policy was enforced in such a drastic manner a few years ago it looked as if the sums spent in building the sloop class would have been wasted, as several of them, both at home and abroad, were paid off after three or four years, commissioned service only. One by one, however the sloops have been brought back from the subsidiary list and refitted for "peace duties" in various capacities, such as instructional and depot ships and surveying service. The "Rosario," which has been in reserve at Hong Kong for some years, has been converted into a submarine depot ship at a cost of £11,850, and is awaiting the arrival of the "triplets" (C. 66, C. 67 and C. 68). to which, with prospective additions she will act "the part of mother ship."

GIBRALTAR GARRISON.

There is nothing in the new Army Estimates to show that the War Minister has any intention of increasing the garrison at Gibraltar, which has been brought down almost to starvation point. Letters from the station indicate that duties fall heavily on everybody and that young soldiers feel the strain considerably, especially in the hot season. "Gib" never was a very popular station. It is rendered now less acceptable than ever.

UMPIRING AT AUTUMN MANŒUVRES.

There have been complaints for some years past as to umpiring at autumn manœuvres, which has been a fruitful source of disappointment and anxiety to General Officers, and resulted in endless difficulty and confusion. Sir Horace Smith-Dorrien at Aldershot does not disguise the fact that the time has arrived for a betterment of system under this head. The steps he is taking to remedy defects and render the system more effective are worthy of notice. In the first place it is admitted that criticism last September was fully justified by obvious faults on the part of the umpire staff on several occasions. Sir Horace has consequently made known to the Divisional and Brigade Commanders under his immediate orders that they are to take care this year that the rules affecting the work of umpires shall be made fully known to the troops by means of lectures and practical training in the field. Moreover, care is to be exercised in the choice of officers to act as Umpires. Only those who display special aptitude for the duties are to be employed on this service; and an officer found to fulfil the necessary requirements is to be encouraged to stick to this work during the season, so that he may acquire knowledge by a gradual process of observation. Sir Horace Smith-Dorrien is always in the forefront of progress, and officers of all ranks will commend him for his recognition of an undoubted blot on our arrangements for the training of our troops "in the open."

3RD COLDSTREAM GUARDS.

The return of the 3rd Battalion Coldstream Guards from Egypt is thought by some to indicate that the unit is down for reduction. Nothing, however, has transpired officially to justify the belief that any such action is contemplated on the part of the War Office. On the contrary, there would be considerable difficulty in dispensing with the services of the battalion, which will proceed from the Tower in the autumn for a turn of duty at Aldershot where it will remain for twelve months, attached to the First Infantry Brigade on Marlborough Lines.

ROYAL HORSE AND FIELD ARTILLERY.

The Royal Horse and Royal Field Artillery have recently had an acceptable run of promotion, five regimental lieutenant-colonels having had to accept half-pay or pension since the beginning of the year on the completion of five years in command of brigades. The gallant "gunners" in the mounted branches will now have to whit five and a-half months before another vacancy occurs in the higher ranks, as Colonel F. S. Cleeve, who heads the list, will not be called upon to hand over his command until August 1st; The majors of 1890 have now come forward for promotion. There are still twenty-four of them to be promoted. In the Royal Garrison Artillery, there are five lieutenant-colonels to be disposed of between this and August 1st. There are in this branch sixteen majors of 1900. Those on the Garrison list may find some measure of comfort in these facts, but their position is not altogether enviable, as a careful examination of the situation will make evident.

It is estimated that the Cambrian and other current strikes in Wales have cost the South Wales Miners' Federation £150,000. The executive of the Federation has resolved to impose a further levy of 1s. per month, making the total now levied 2s. per month.

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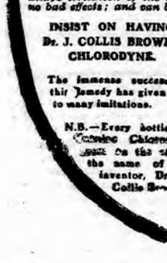

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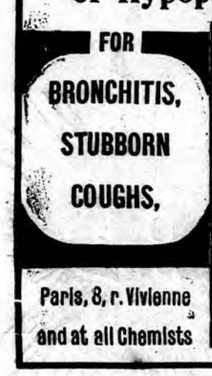

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